

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY EDWARDSVILLE

ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT & FIRE SAFETY REPORT 2026

PUBLISHED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE

“Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act”
(Previously known as the Federal Student Right to Know and Campus Security Act of 1990)

AND

The Higher Education Opportunity Act also known as the *“Campus Fire Safety Right to Know.”*

Office of the Vice Chancellor for Finance and
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**SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY
EDWARDSVILLE**

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SIUE Home Page: <https://www.siue.edu/>

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SIUE Author: Lt. Dustin Brueggemann 618/650-5432

Editor: Chief David Goodwin – 618/650-5537

Webmaster: SIUE ITS – 618/650-5500

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SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY EDWARDSVILLE

THE 2026 SIUE ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT

The report contains campus safety and security information and crime statistics for calendar years 2023, 2024, and 2025. This report includes all SIUE campuses. This report is published in compliance with the Federal Student Right to Know and Campus Security Act of 1990, now known as the “*Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act.*”

The *Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act* is the landmark federal law, originally known as the Campus Security Act, which requires colleges and universities across the United States to disclose information about crime on and around their campuses.

Because the law is tied to participation in federal student financial aid programs it applies to most institutions of higher education both public and private. It is enforced by the U.S. Department of Education.

The "Clery Act" is named in memory of 19-year-old Lehigh University freshman Jeanne Ann Clery who was raped and murdered while asleep in her residence hall room on April 5, 1986.

Jeanne's parents, Connie and Howard, discovered that students hadn't been told about 38 violent crimes on the Lehigh campus in the three years before her murder. They joined with other campus crime victims and persuaded Congress to enact this law, which was originally known as the "Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990."

For more information about the Clery Act, please visit:

<http://www2.ed.gov/admins/lead/safety/campus.html>

Above information is used by permission of Clery Center for Security on Campus.

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY EDWARDSVILLE

INTRODUCTION

Southern Illinois University Edwardsville is committed to providing a safe and secure environment for its students, employees, and visitors, and to enforce fully all State and Federal laws and institutional policies and regulations to help ensure such an environment.

For reporting purposes of the *Jeanne Clery Act*, Southern Illinois University Edwardsville is separated into the following two campuses:

- 1) The Southern Illinois University Edwardsville campus in Edwardsville, IL, hereafter referred to as SIUE campus, consists of all SIUE buildings and grounds located on the main campus in Edwardsville, Illinois. Also included as part of the SIUE campus and listed under “non-campus” category for SIUE classes held at Centralia High School in Centralia IL, Collinsville Middle School in Collinsville, IL, Eastwood Elementary School in East Alton, IL, Roxana CUSD in Roxana IL, and Saint Louis University in Saint Louis MO.
- 2) The Southern Illinois University School of Dental Medicine campus in Alton, IL, hereafter referred to as SIU-SDM campus, consists of all buildings and grounds associated with SIU- SDM located in Alton, Illinois. Also included as part of the SDM campus and listed under the “non-campus” category is the Wyvetter H. Young Higher Education Campus, Building D, located in East St. Louis, Illinois.

The following statements and policies should be interpreted as pertaining to all campuses. Where a difference in policy applies between the two campuses, it will be noted.

All members of the University community are required to abide by applicable State and Federal laws and University policies and regulations as set forth by the Board of Trustees of Southern Illinois University.

The Annual Security Report for SIUE and SIU-SDM is published each year by the SIUE Office of the Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration and is available on-line to the general public, prospective students, prospective employees, all current SIUE students, faculty, and staff at this site:

<https://www.siu.edu/police/pdf/AnnualSecurityReport2026.pdf>

- For those without computer access, a paper copy of the report may be obtained upon request (24-hour notice required) to: Office of the Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration, Rendleman Hall, Room 2228, Campus Box 1158, Edwardsville, IL 62026-1158. Phone: 618/650-2536.
- A hard copy of the report is available for viewing at: the Lovejoy Library Circulation Desk on the SIUE Campus in Edwardsville, IL; the Biomedical Library Circulation Desk on the SIU-SDM Campus in Alton, IL; and the SIUE Satellite Police Station at the Wyvetter H. Young Higher Education Campus in E. St. Louis, IL.

General questions about the *Clery Act* or the University's publication may be directed to the Author at 618/650-5432.

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY EDWARDSVILLE

Overview

SIUE CAMPUS – EDWARDSVILLE, IL



SIUE traces its origin to a farsighted group of concerned parents and business leaders in the community. In 1955, the group began an advocacy campaign to establish a public university. By 1956, they had formed the Southwestern Illinois Council for Higher Education. Convinced that public higher education opportunities were needed in the Metro-East portion of the greater St. Louis area, the Council aggressively lobbied state officials and commissioned a consultant study to document that need.

In 1957, the See-Myers report was released and indicated that in Madison and St. Clair Counties, with 600,000 residents, the largest population concentration in the State outside of metropolitan Chicago, only three percent of the adult population had completed four years of college. There was no conveniently located university in the two-county area and many students could not afford to pay tuition and live away from home. Area business leaders and industrialists articulated an ever-growing need to hire college-educated employees.

In 1957, SIU opened two residence centers in Alton and East St. Louis. In 1958, the Council began a highly-successful private fundraising campaign to purchase land for a new campus. By 1959 enrollment had increased to 3,800 greatly exceeding the temporary facilities and available services. A planning team investigated permanent sites in the Metro-East counties and selected a location near Edwardsville. When Illinois legislators authorized a bond issue to fund public university facility improvements in 1960, area residents expressed their overwhelming approval at the ballot box.

Groundbreaking for SIU Edwardsville was held in 1963. In 1965, SIUE opened the Peck Classroom Building and Lovejoy Library in the midst of 2,660 acres of rolling land and woods.

Today, fulfilling the dreams of the Council, SIUE is a premier Metropolitan University, offering a broad choice of degrees and programs ranging from liberal arts to professional studies. Undergraduate and graduate degrees are offered in the arts and sciences, business, education, engineering, and nursing. Professional degrees are available in dental medicine and pharmacy.

SIUE has maintained its historic ties to the communities of Alton and East St. Louis. The School of Dental Medicine maintains its campus in Alton, using many of the same buildings that housed its first students in 1957. The East St. Louis Campus remains dedicated to improving the lives of individuals and families in East St. Louis and the surrounding urban area.

Since economic growth today is inescapably knowledge-based, through its skilled graduates, its faculty expertise in consulting and grants, and its multi-million-dollar expenditures, SIUE contributes substantially to the economic vigor of our metropolitan region. SIUE is one of the largest employers in Madison County. More than sixty percent of SIUE alumni live within 50 miles of campus. Our graduates become part of a highly educated, skilled workforce, enriching the communities in which they live.

For more information on Southern Illinois University Edwardsville (SIUE) Campus go to:
<http://www.siue.edu>.

SIU SCHOOL OF DENTAL MEDICINE CAMPUS – ALTON, IL



Since 1972, the SIU School of Dental Medicine has continued to carry out its mission — to improve the oral health of Southern Illinois and the region through education, patient care, scholarship and service. During its 49-year history, the SIU Dental School has trained over 2,000 dentists.

The school offers a nationally recognized dental education to nearly 200 students or approximately 50 students in each class year. Historically, students from the SIU Dental School score high nationally on the National Board Dental Exams, Parts I and II. Passing the exams is a requirement for licensure in the United States and is a strong indicator of student preparedness to practice dentistry. Students graduate with a Doctor of Dental Medicine degree as some of the best general practitioners of dentistry in the country.

The primary dental education and patient care facilities of the Dental School are located in the historic City of Alton. Most student clinical experience and dental patient care is provided in the Main Clinic in Alton. In addition, experience in diagnosis, treatment planning, surgery, and prosthodontics treatment for implant dentistry are offered in the Advanced Care Wing of the Main Clinic in Alton.

After more than a quarter of a century of achievement—regionally, statewide and nationally—the SIU School of Dental Medicine continues to foster a growing tradition of excellence. The school offers a premier dental education for the students it serves, and it offers quality oral health care for the patients it treats.

For more information on the SIU School of Dental Medicine (SIU SDM) Alton Campus go to:
<http://www.siu.edu/dentalmedicine>.

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

A major requirement of *Clery Act* compliance is disclosing policy statements in the Annual Report. Following are the policies and procedures SIUE is required to divulge under Federal Law and pursuant to the *Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act*.

Any questions pertaining to the following statements can be directed to the Editor, SIUE's Clery Compliance Officer, Dustin Brueggemann, dubruieg@siue.edu.

LEGAL AUTHORITY FOR ENFORCEMENT

University Police at Southern Illinois University Edwardsville is a law enforcement agency responsible for the protection of life and property. Officers are sworn police personnel under the authority granted by Illinois law and have the authority to make arrests on campus and within the State of Illinois.

Law enforcement services are provided to the SIUE Campus, the SIU-SDM Campus, and the Wyvetter H. Young Higher Education Campus. The SIUE Police Department has three locations to better serve the University community. The primary department is located on the SIUE Campus and is responsible for all administrative functions of the SIUE Police Department. Satellite departments are located at the East St. Louis Higher Education Center and the Alton School of Dental Medicine. All three locations provide police services 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

SIUE University Police

Edwardsville Campus
99 Supporting Services Road
Campus Box 1041
Edwardsville, IL 62026
911 (Emergency/TDD)
618-650-3324 (Non-Emergency/TDD)

SIUE University Police

Wyvetter H. Young Higher Education
601 James R. Thompson Blvd. Bldg. C
Campus Box 1241
East St. Louis, IL 62201
911 (Emergency/TDD)
618-874-8717 (Non-Emergency/TDD)

SIUE University Police

SIU School of Dental Medicine
2800 College Ave Bldg. 271
Alton, IL 62002
911 Emergency
618-650-3324 Non-Emergency

The Edwardsville Campus Police respond to all emergency and non-emergency calls at the Edwardsville Campus. Centrally located, the Edwardsville Campus Police will also respond to assist officers on both the East St. Louis and Alton campuses. Edwardsville Campus resources are available to both East St. Louis and Alton campus as well. When officer assistance response time is crucial, the Alton Police department is notified for the Alton campus and East. St. Louis Police Department is notified for the East St. Louis Campus.

The SIUE Police located at the satellite stations, do respond to all emergency and non-emergency calls from that location.

The University Police Department cooperates with, provides assistance to, and receives assistance from Illinois State Police, county police/Sherriff's Departments, and municipal police departments.

Similar cooperation and assistance also occur with federal law enforcement agencies. The SIUE Police Department also has written memorandum of understandings with the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System (ILEAS) and the Metropolitan Enforcement Group of Southwestern Illinois (MEGSI).

(Refer to the policy on "Crime Reporting" for response details of 911 calls.)

REPORTING THE ANNUAL DISCLOSURE OF CRIME STATISTICS

The *Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act*, commonly referred to as the Clery Act, requires institutions of higher education receiving federal financial aid to report specified crime statistics on college campuses and to provide other safety and crime information to members of the campus community. Campuses must publish an Annual Security Report detailing statistics regarding reported crimes committed on our campuses and at affiliated locations for the previous three calendar years, and describing specified policies, procedures and programs regarding safety and security. This requirement of the *Clery Act* is intended to provide students and their families, as higher education consumers, with accurate, complete, and timely information about the safety of the campus so that they can make informed decisions.

The Southern Illinois University Edwardsville Police Department prepares an Annual Security Report to comply with the *Clery Act* for the SIUE Campus and the SIU-SDM Campus. The departments within the Vice Chancellors Office of Students Affairs on the SIUE Campus and the Assistant Dean for Admission and Student Services at the Alton Campus are responsible for compiling referrals for disciplinary action as well as any criminal offenses that were not reported to the SIUE Police Department but brought to the attention of a “campus security authority” (see the policy referring to campus security authorities in this document) for their respective campus. These statistics are provided to the SIUE Police Department for inclusion in the Annual Report.

Incidents occurring on the Edwardsville Campus (SIUE) or the Alton Campus (SIU SDM) are under the jurisdiction of the Southern Illinois University Edwardsville Police Department (SIUE PD).

For the SIUE campus, the exception being that incidents occurring at locations on University Park Drive, North Research Drive and South Research Drive are under the jurisdiction of the Edwardsville Police Department. The Edwardsville Police Department is canvassed by the SIUE Police Department for crimes occurring on property located on University Park Drive, North Research Drive, and South Research Drive, as well as public property that is adjacent to the Edwardsville Campus. The Alton Police Department is contacted by the SIUE Police Department for crimes occurring on specified public property surrounding the Alton Campus as defined by the *Clery Act*. The Edwardsville Police Department and the Alton Police Department are requested to report anything they may have responded to on the campus or campus grounds that is within their geographical city limits.

Over the course of the academic year, SIUE holds off-campus classes in several different locations that are geographically located in many different local law enforcement jurisdictions. A good faith effort is made to collect crime statistics from each of these local law enforcement agencies for each location in their respective jurisdiction. These statistics are included in the SIUE Campus statistical report. More specific information regarding the various locations included in the Annual Security Report can be found in the Clery Reporting Location Definitions section of this Report.

The University's Annual Security Report is updated each year and the findings, in compliance with Federal law, are reported to the U.S. Department of Education. The law states that these findings along with certain policies and procedures must be posted to the University community by October 1st of each year (December 31st for 2020 report only) and can be viewed at <https://www.siue.edu/police/pdf/AnnualSecurityReport2026.pdf>

SIUE and SIU-SDM students, faculty, and staff are notified as to when the publication will be available and where it may be viewed through publications that include the Alestle (school newspaper), the SIUE web site, and personal e-mails directed to all students, faculty and staff members. Prospective students, prospective employees, students, faculty, and staff can review the annual report by going to <https://www.siue.edu/police/pdf/AnnualSecurityReport2026.pdf>

For those without computer access, a paper copy of the report may be obtained from the Office of the Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration, Rendleman Hall, Room 2228, Edwardsville, IL 62026, 618/650- 2536. (24-hour notice required)

DAILY CRIME LOG

The SIUE Police Department, as per Clery requirements, maintains a daily crime log that records by the date the incident was reported to us, all crimes that occur on campus, on or in a non-campus building or property, on public property within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus as well as within the patrol jurisdiction of the SIUE Police Department.

The Daily Crime Log covering the last 60 days is open for public inspection during normal business days/hours at the SIUE Police Station, located at 99 Supporting Services Road on the Edwardsville Campus, and at the SIUE PD Satellite station located at 2800 College Ave, Building 271, on the Alton Campus.

Our process for maintaining and posting the Daily Crime Log complies with the *Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act*.

The Daily Crime Log includes:

- ☐ The nature, date, time, and general location of each crime reported to us; and
- ☐ The disposition of the complaint, if the disposition is known at the time the log is created.

The SIUE Police Department posts specific incidents in the Daily Crime Log within two business days of receiving a report of an incident. We reserve the right to exclude crime report information from the log under these circumstances:

- ☐ If posting the information jeopardizes an on-going investigation;
- ☐ If posting the information would cause a suspect to flee or evade detection; or
- ☐ If posting the information could result in the destruction of evidence relating to the crime.

Once these factors are no longer present, and/or there is no longer a chance that posting the information would adversely affect an on-going investigation, we will post the information.

The SIUE Police Department, as per Illinois Police Blotter Law (50 ILCS 205/3b), also maintains a Police Activity Blotter that is generated for the purpose of briefing the community about crimes, arrests, and police services which occurred on campus within the previous 24-hour period. The Police Activity Blotter is available for review at the same locations noted above. The Police Activity Blotter is also available for review on the Police web site at: <https://www.siue.edu/police/about/police-activity-blotter.shtml> Both the Daily Crime Log and the Police Activity Blotter will be updated on the next business day following a weekend, holiday, or any other day/days the University is closed.

EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS

Federal Law requires universities to “immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students, staff or faculty occurring on the campus, unless issuing a notification will compromise efforts to contain the emergency”.

SIUE will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise the efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

Emergency Notifications at SIUE and SIU-SDM Campuses

In the event that a situation arises either on or off campus that, in the judgment of the Chief of University Police, or their designee, constitutes an ongoing or is an imminent threat to the lives and safety of the campus community, and as soon as the pertinent information is available SIUE Police will issue an “immediate notification”. These immediate notification alerts are issued under the authority of the Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration or their designee and distributed campus-wide.

Such warnings will be issued through one, all, or a variety of means via a text messaging system, an e-mail and, or, posted to the emergency notification website to all students, faculty, and staff. Follow-up information will be disseminated through the same means as the original notification and or through one, some or all available methods.

E-Lert Emergency Communications: E-Lert is the emergency communications avenue used to notify SIUE students, faculty, and staff of an incident that warrants emergency notification/timely warning crime alert. SIUE’s E-Lert is a text messaging service that is available to all students, faculty, and staff. Registration is quickly done by going to www.siue.edu/e-lert and clicking on the “Sign Up Now” icon.

The decision to activate this system will be made by any one of these positions: the Chancellor, Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration, Chief of University Police, Director of Emergency Management and Safety, or a designee of one of these officers.

In the event that a life safety incident develops on any SIUE campuses, the Police Department Shift Supervisor or Telecommunicator on duty has the authority to immediately initiate an emergency E-Lert text message.

Emergency Notification Website: Southern Illinois University Edwardsville maintains a website for emergency notifications at www.siu.edu/emergency that can be accessed by anyone with internet access. All e-Lert messages will be posted to this site.

Electronic Message Boards: Some buildings on the campuses of SIUE and SIU-SDM have message boards. Emergency messages are also frequently broadcast on these message boards.

Timely Warnings (aka Crime Bulletin) at SIUE and SIU-SDM Campuses

In the event that a situation arises either on or off campus that, in the judgment of the Chief of University Police, constitutes an ongoing or serious threat to the campus community where the threat is not immediate or life threatening; and as soon as the pertinent information is available; a timely warning/crime alert will be issued. These warnings/alerts are issued under the authority of the Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration or their designee and distributed campus-wide.

To maintain confidentiality, timely warnings will not release the name of the victim. Timely Warnings/Crime Bulletins are usually distributed for the following Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR)/National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) classifications: arson, criminal homicide, and robbery. Incidents of aggravated assault and sex offenses are considered on a case-by-case basis, depending on the facts of the case and whether there is a continuing threat to the campus community.

Depending on the particular circumstances of the crime, the warning may also be sent by e-Lert or an alert poster may be posted on campus buildings and/or in housing facilities. All timely warnings/crime alerts are posted to the SIUE Police Department web site at: <http://www.siu.edu/police> (click on the Crime Alerts link under the Campus Safety tab).

CRIME REPORTING

To help provide a secure and safe environment, all members of the University community and visitors are expected, requested, and encouraged to report accurately and promptly any criminal activity or emergency that they observe or are the victim of to the University Police Department in a timely manner. Reporting may be accomplished by contacting the University Police directly at 618/650-3324 for non-emergencies or dial 911 for emergencies. The SIUE Police Department understands that some individuals may prefer to report criminal incidents to other individuals or university offices. You may also request assistance from a Campus Security Authority, who will guide you in contacting the police. Confidentiality of reports made to Campus Security Authorities cannot be promised. There may be instances where the university needs to act regardless of whether the parties have reached a personal resolution or the complainant requests that no action be taken. In such cases, SIUE will investigate and take appropriate actions, taking care to protect the identity of the complainant and any other reported to the extent permitted by the circumstances surrounding the case and applicable law and regulation.

Below you will find a list of department contacts that may also assist you in contacting the police:

CONTACT NUMBERS	
SIUE Counseling Services	618/650-2842
SIUE Health Services	618/650-2842
SIUE Housing	618/650-3931
SIUE Student Affairs	618/650-2020
SIUE Alton Campus SDM Student Services	618/474-7170
SIUE Office of Equal Opportunity, Access and Title IX Coordination	618/650-2333
SIUE Intercollegiate Athletic Department	618/650-2871
SIUE Office of Human Resources	618/650-2190

University Police will respond to reports of criminal activity. All reports of criminal activity occurring within the jurisdiction of University Police will be investigated and, if the investigation confirms a violation of the any Federal law, State law, or University policies or procedures the case will be forwarded to the proper authorities for potential prosecution. University Police Department crime reports involving student suspects/offenders are forwarded to Dean of Students for review and referral for potential disciplinary action. University Police Department non-criminal incident reports are forwarded to the Dean of Students for review and referral for potential disciplinary action when deemed appropriate.

911 Emergency

Dialing 911 from any phone while on the Edwardsville campus will place the caller in immediate contact with the Edwardsville Police Department dispatchers. The system automatically sends location identification so the dispatcher can get an officer and any other emergency personnel needed to your location. In a non-emergency situation, you can notify the Police Department at 618/650-3324.

All 911 calls from the Alton School of Dental Medicine go directly to the Alton Police Department. The Alton Police Department telecommunicators are able to dispatch an officer and other emergency personnel to the location of the emergency, as well as contacting the SIUE telecommunicator to dispatch the SIUE Officer located on the Alton campus.

Code Blue Emergency Telephones

For your safety, the University has a network of 77 Code Blue Emergency telephones located on the Edwardsville campus, stretching from Prairie Hall on the southern edge of campus to Cougar Village on the north. Phones are located along walkways and in parking lots. You will find 4 Code Blue Emergency phones on the Alton Campus and 5 such phones at the Wyvetter H. Young Higher Education Campus. Each phone has two buttons labeled “Info” and “Press for Help.” The latter is used for emergency calls and activates the strobe light located within the unit. The “Info” button is for such instances as flat tires, dead batteries, etc. Both phone lines go directly to the SIUE University Police dispatchers who are able to identify the location of the caller from their console and respond to the caller appropriately.

Rave Guardian

Rave Guardian is a FREE app for all members of the SIUE Community. This app allows its user to contact police with a push of a button, set safety timers for walking, send anonymous text messages to the police, communicate information with other Rave Guardian users and many more safety features. For more information on the SIUE Rave Guardian app, call 618-650-3324 or to download onto your smart phone visit: <http://www.raveguardian.com/>.

Working relationships

The SIUE Police Department maintains a close working relationship with local law enforcement agencies in the communities surrounding SIUE, as well as federal, state, and county agencies. These relationships enhance communication and cooperation by sharing information, resources, and assistance when needed. By working cooperatively within the law enforcement community, SIUE Police Department strives to provide excellent service and assistance to the university community; as well as a safe and secure working environment.

Criminal Activity Off-Campus

SIUE holds students accountable for all policies within the Student Conduct Code no matter where the violation occurs. When an SIUE student is involved in an off-campus offense, the University Police Department and the Dean of Students will work in cooperation with local, state or federal law enforcement on the investigation and adjudication of the incident. Local, State and Federal law enforcement agencies routinely work and communicate with campus officers on any serious incidents occurring in the immediate neighborhood and business areas surrounding campus. SIUE operates no off-campus housing or off-campus recognized student organization facilities. However, many SIUE students live in off campus neighborhoods surrounding SIUE. SIUE students can be disciplined for off-campus incidents when there is a nexus to the University community.

CONFIDENTIAL CRIME REPORTING PROCEDURES

If you are a victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the University system or the criminal justice system, you can make a confidential report. The purpose of a confidential report is to attempt to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others.

With your permission, the Chief, or a designee of the University Police Department may file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. The University must weigh the request against the obligation to provide a safe, non-discriminatory environment for the entire University community. If the University honors the request for confidentiality, you must understand that the University's ability to meaningfully investigate the incident and pursue disciplinary action against the alleged offender(s) may be limited.

If the University knows of a possible sexual harassment or sexual violence incident that creates a hostile environment, it must take immediate action to eliminate the harassment, prevent its recurrence and address its effects. With such information, the University can keep an accurate record of the number of criminal incidents, determine where there is a pattern of crime, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution.

CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES

Campus Security Authorities, as defined by the *Clery Act*, have an obligation to report allegations of *Clery Act* defined crimes that they conclude are made in good faith. These crime allegations are reported to the SIUE Police Department through the Dean of Student Affairs on the Edwardsville Campus, the Assistant Dean for Admissions and Student Services on the Alton Campus, or may be reported directly to the SIUE Police Department. A Campus Security Authority includes campus personnel beyond the SIUE police officers. The intent of including non-law enforcement personnel as Campus Security Authorities is to acknowledge that many individuals and students in particular, are hesitant about reporting crimes to the police, but may be more inclined to report an incident to other campus-affiliated individuals. Therefore, a Campus Security Authority would be any official of an institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including but not limited to, student housing, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings, any person who has the authority and the duty to take action or respond to particular issues on behalf of the institution and has a direct relationship with students. Examples would be a Director of Housing, a Director of Athletics, team coaches, faculty advisors to student groups, resident advisors/assistants, etc. A Campus Security Authority would include any police agency that has the responsibility of policing areas immediately surrounding the campuses or if they should respond to any incident occurring in any location included in the SIUE Clery reportable areas.

Even if a victim does not want to file a complaint or does not request that the school take any action on their behalf, in cases of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking, if the University knows or reasonably should know about a possible sexual harassment or sexual violence incident, it must promptly investigate to determine what occurred and then take appropriate steps to resolve the situation.

Campus professional counselors and/or clergy, when acting as such, are not considered to be Campus Security Authorities and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. As a matter of policy, they are encouraged; if and when they deem it appropriate, to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion into the annual crime statistics. However, if, for example, the dean of students holds a professional counselor's license, but is employed by the institution only as a dean and not as a counselor, he/she is not exempt from reporting.

Examples of SIUE's Campus Security Authorities at its various campus and off-campus course locations are indicated below.

Southern Illinois University Edwardsville (SIUE) – Edwardsville, IL: Vice Chancellor of Student Affairs, Dean of Students, Associate Vice Chancellor for Human Resources, Title IX Coordinator, Deputy Title IX Coordinators, Dean of School of Business, Associate Dean of School of Business, Dean of School of Education, Associate Dean of School of Education, Director of Campus Recreation, Assistant Director of Campus Recreation, athletic team directors, coaches, assistant coaches, Director of Housing, Associate Director of Housing, resident advisors, Housing desk managers, School of Nursing Dean, Assistant & Associate Dean of Nursing, Dean of School of Pharmacy, Associate Dean of

School of Pharmacy, Director of Kimmel Leadership Center, faculty advisors to student groups, SIUE police officers, and any other individuals who adjudicate student discipline, have significant responsibility for student/campus activities or have been identified as someone to whom crimes should be reported.

SIU School of Dental Medicine - Alton, Illinois: Executive Director of Administration, Assistant Dean for Admissions and Student Services, Sexual Harassment/Title IX Building Advisor, SIUE police officers, individuals who adjudicate student discipline, and any other individuals who have significant responsibility for student/campus activities or have been identified as someone to whom crimes should be reported.

Off-Campus Course Locations: SIUE utilizes numerous off-campus locations to conduct various SIUE classes. These off-campus course locations vary from semester to semester. Criminal activity that occurs at any of these off-campus class locations should be reported to the state, local or campus police agency that has jurisdiction over that location. Students are also encouraged to notify the SIUE Office of the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs and the SIUE Police Department of any criminal activity that occurs at any of SIUE's off-campus class locations.

ACCESS TO AND SECURITY OF FACILITIES

SIUE Campus

University facilities exist to support the institution's principal functions of teaching, research, and service. In addition to classrooms, laboratories, and offices, the University has student residential housing, dining services, recreation facilities, child daycare, administrative support, maintenance and utility facilities. As a public institution, the SIUE Campus generally seeks to maintain open access to its facilities, but it maintains and regularly exercises the right to restrict access to facilities. For example, access to laboratory, service, maintenance and utility facilities is restricted for safety and operational reasons, and access to student residential facilities is limited to residents and invited guests.

If an individual has demonstrated an inability or unwillingness to conduct themselves in accordance with University policy or applicable law, the Chief of Police may issue a "Persona Non Grata" letter. A Persona Non Grata letter is a letter issued by the Chief of Police informing the individual that they are not allowed on any SIUE property. Failure to comply may subject the violator to arrest and prosecution for Trespass to Property.

SIUE acts to maintain secure and safe facilities for use by its students, employees, and visitors through the work of University Police, through its internal key and lock system and policies that control it, through the regular work of University maintenance and custodial personnel, through the assigned responsibilities of personnel in University Housing, by providing adequate interior and exterior lighting, and by fostering an awareness among members of the University community about safety and security matters and the need for timely reporting to the proper authorities of criminal or suspicious activities.

Residence Hall Security: Residence Halls are staffed 24 hours a day with controlled access and video surveillance. Access to residence halls is restricted to residents, their approved guests and other approved members of the University community. Each resident must use their Cougar Card to access the residence hall. Guests of residents must be accompanied at all times by the resident they are visiting. Residents are cautioned against permitting strangers to enter the buildings. SIUE Police Officers patrol the residence halls on a regular basis and work with Housing Staff to enforce security measures.

SIUE Facilities Management: Facilities Management maintains University buildings and grounds with a concern for the safety and security of the University community. They respond to reports of potential safety and security hazards and promptly make repairs. All University community members are encouraged to contact the work order desk to report any safety or security hazards. As University Police officers patrol campus, they look for safety and security hazards which are then promptly reported to Facilities Management.

SIUE uses surveillance cameras in some public areas to assist with deterring vandalism and criminal activity. In some cases, cameras can also assist with the identification of offenders.

SIU-SDM

The SIU-SDM located in Alton, IL is closed after normal business hours, except for authorized personnel or individuals. Friends or family members are not allowed in the buildings after normal hours. If an unauthorized person is in an unauthorized area or in a restricted area after assigned hours, this is a violation of school policy and will subject the violator to disciplinary action and criminal sanctions. There are no student residence halls at the SIU-SDM.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND EVACUATION PROCEDURES

The SIUE Police Department (SIUE PD) and Office of Emergency Management (OEM) at Southern Illinois University Edwardsville (SIUE) has a vital mission integral to protecting the continuity of University operations as well as the safety and security of students, faculty, staff and visitors. The emergency management function uses an all-hazards approach that ensures the University is prepared for a wide range of disasters including such things as earthquakes, severe weather, hazardous material incidents, Homeland Security incidents, pandemic flu and other serious threats to the University and its community. Emergency management activities include hazard mitigation, emergency preparedness, emergency response, and recovery activities.

SIUE has adopted the National Incident Management System (NIMS) which was instituted by a Presidential Directive to ensure all institutions and emergency response agencies have a framework to work effectively and efficiently during emergency response and recovery efforts. The Office of Emergency Management is responsible for developing and revising emergency operations plans, recruiting and training an emergency response team and operating and maintaining an emergency operations center.

Office of Emergency Management is also responsible for ensuring University compliance with Federal and State worker safety and environmental regulations and policies. The Office of Emergency Management is responsible for hazardous materials handling and disposal, which includes hazardous, bio-hazardous and radiological materials. In addition, SIUE employees can request that an ergonomic assessment of their workstation is performed to ensure they have a safe working environment.

All members of the SIUE community are urged to notify the SIUE PD of any situation or incident on campus that involves a significant emergency or dangerous situation that may involve an immediate or on-going threat to the health and safety of students and/or employees on campus. The SIUE PD has the responsibility of responding to and summoning the necessary resources to investigate, mitigate and document any situation that may cause a significant emergency or dangerous situation. Further, the SIUE PD has a responsibility to respond to such incidents to determine if the situation does in fact pose a threat to the campus community. If that is the case, Federal Law requires that the institution immediately notify the campus community.

In the event of a serious incident which poses an immediate threat to members of the SIUE community, the University has several systems in place for communicating information quickly to those individuals. Some or all of these methods of communication may be activated in the event of an immediate threat to the SIUE campus community. These methods of communication include network emails, sirens, fire alarms, postings on the SIUE Website (www.siu.edu) and emergency text messages (individuals can sign up for this service at <http://www.siu.edu/e-lert/>). The Chief of University Police and the Director of The Office of Emergency Management (OEM), and their designees, are authorized to transmit emergency text messages. The SIUE PD will serve as the primary source for transmitting the initial emergency text message. Messages providing additional warnings and/or follow-up information regarding a significant emergency or dangerous situation will be provided by the SIUE PD or OEM or University Marketing and Communications (MARCOM).

Upon receiving information regarding an emergency or dangerous situation that poses an immediate or on-going threat to the health and safety of students and/or employees on campus, the SIUE PD will immediately notify the Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration, OEM and Director of MARCOM. If the SIUE PD or OEM confirms that there is an emergency or dangerous situation that poses an immediate threat to the health or safety of some or all members of the SIUE community, the SIUE PD, OEM and MARCOM will determine the content of the message and use some or all of the communication systems mentioned above to communicate the threat to the SIUE community. The SIUE PD, OEM and MARCOM will, without delay and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the judgment of the first responders (including but not limited to the SIUE PD), compromise the efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

The University publicizes response and evacuation procedures on an annual basis through e-mails, postings on the SIUE Webpage at [SIUE Office of Emergency Management](#), emergency building directories, posters and signage. The response and evacuation procedures are tested annually. Warning sirens are tested regularly and drills are conducted periodically in the residence halls. The University also conducts an annual emergency exercise which includes an after-action review of the emergency management exercise.

A summary of the University's emergency response procedures, emergency training videos, the Campus Violence Prevention Plan, instructions for signing up for the emergency text message system and other important safety information are located at the [SIUE Office of Emergency Management](#).

THREAT ASSESSMENT TEAM

The SIUE Threat Assessment Policy was created to set forth the manner under which the SIUE Threat Assessment Team shall operate to access and address issues relating to potential or pending acts or threats of violence at SIUE. The University's Threat Assessment Team Policy can be found at the following link: <https://www.siu.edu/policies/2c12.shtml>.

The threat assessment team at SIUE is referred to as the Behavioral Intervention Team (BIT). It is formed as an additional resource to provide support, assistance, research and case studies with regard to potential or actual threats to the University community. Membership of the Team shall include representatives from the Office of Human Resources, University Police, Counseling Services, Office of the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs, Office of the Provost and Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs, Office of the General Counsel, Office of Equal Opportunity Access & Title IX Coordination, and University Housing, as well as representatives from the School of Dental Medicine and the Wyvetter H. Young Higher Education Campus.

The Behavioral Intervention Team is responsible for receiving and reviewing information obtained from a reporting party, witness or observer in order to determine whether a threat is present. Additional responsibilities include reviewing incident reports, police files and/or complaints of threats or actual violence, reviewing patterns or practices which indicate a potential for violence, and investigating and assisting other University officials or representatives in dealing with serious threats and/or incidents of violence. The Team is responsible for developing bylaws, policies and procedures under which it will achieve its mission.

MISSING STUDENT NOTIFICATION

In addition to registering an emergency contact, students residing in on-campus housing have the option to identify, confidentially, an individual to be contacted by SIUE in the event the student is determined to be missing for more than 24 hours. If a student has identified such an individual, SIUE will notify that individual no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. Students who wish to identify a confidential contact can do so through the SIUE Housing application process.

If any member of the University community has reason to believe that a student who resides in on-campus housing may be missing, they should immediately notify the SIUE Police Department at (618) 650-3324. The SIUE Police Department will generate a missing person report and initiate an investigation into the situation.

If the initial SIUE Police Department investigation determines that the student is missing and has been missing for more than 24 hours, SIUE will contact the student's emergency contact no later than 24 hours after the student has been determined to be missing. If the missing student is under the age of 18 and is not an emancipated individual, SIUE will notify the student's parent or legal guardian immediately after the SIUE Police Department has determined that the student has been missing for more than 24 hours.

This policy does not preclude implementing these procedures in less than 24 hours if circumstances warrant a faster response.

CRIME PREVENTION & SECURITY AWARENESS PROGRAMS

SIUE is strongly committed to crime prevention through awareness and education. Like any other community, university campuses are not immune to crime. Students, faculty, and staff are urged to take advantage of safety programs offered through University departments such as the Police, Housing, Student Affairs, Health Services, Counseling Services, Emergency Management and Safety, Human Resources, Greek Life, Kimmel Leadership Center, Cougar Athletics, Student Government, and many others.

Coordination of efforts among campus departments is very effective. Following is a sampling of crime prevention and security awareness programs offered at SIUE:

Rave Guardian

Southern Illinois University Edwardsville (SIUE) now offers the Rave Guardian app for its students, faculty and staff. Rave Guardian is one of the best ways to not only improve personal safety, but also protect your colleagues and friends by building a private safety network. This app provides instant communication with friends, family, campus safety and even 9-1-1. SIUE encourages all students, faculty and staff throughout campus to utilize the app to network with friends and colleagues, and help increase overall safety and security of the entire campus community. An important part of the Guardian app is that students, faculty and staff can use it not only to keep themselves safe, but to help protect others. Even those individuals who may not feel as if they need help staying safe can utilize the app to be a guardian and help protect others. Family members and friends of SIUE students, faculty and staff can also utilize the app and act as guardians. While they will need to sign up as a member outside of the University, they can be invited into personal safety networks and be included on timer sessions. Rave Guardian provides users the ability to set a safety timer, manage and message their guardians, easy emergency communication and setting safety profiles for faster emergency response.

Alcohol and Drug Awareness Programs

The SIUE Alcohol and Drug Awareness Programs provide students with multi-level prevention approaches through programs and services which empower them, individually and collectively. Alcohol and drug programs are presented on a regular basis in residence halls and to other student groups in an effort to inform our students of the effects of alcohol and drugs. The University has implemented the Brief Alcohol and Intervention Screening for College Students (BASICS) and Cannabis Abuse Screening and Intervention for College Students (CASICS) programs for student alcohol and drug offenders. The University has also implemented an on-line student drug and alcohol educational program, which includes a pre and post-test, and is offered to all new SIUE students, to complement the on-campus programming that is currently being offered. The University has a full-time Behavior Incident and On-Line Education Counselor who will oversee the BASICS and CASICS programs, and also coordinate the implementation of the new on-line education programs. For additional information, contact SIUE Counseling Services at 618/650-2842.

Sexual Assault Prevention Programs

Sexual Assault Prevention Programs are offered and include such topics as: Acquaintance/Date Rape, Stranger Rape, Child Sexual Abuse, Healthy Dating Relationships, Assessing Risk, Sexual Assault Prevention, Bystander Interventions, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking. In addition to the on-line alcohol/drug training discussed above, the University has also implemented an additional program component related to student sexual assault education, prevention and awareness. These on-line programs are mandatory for all SIUE students and will be a compliment to the on-campus programming that is currently being offered. The Behavioral Incident and On-Line Education Counselor coordinates the implementation of the on-line education programs. Other services offered include Crisis Intervention and Suicide Intervention. For additional information, contact the SIUE Police Department at 618/650-3324 or Counseling Services at 618/650-2842.

Rape Aggression Defense (R.A.D.) System

Rape Aggression Defense (R.A.D.) System is offered at no charge to students, faculty, and staff. This is a 12-hour course of realistic self-defense tactics and techniques for women that covers assault prevention and risk reduction while progressing on to basic hand-on defense training. The class is taught by SIUE police officers who are certified under the R.A.D. System. Contact the SIUE Police Department at 618/650-3324 to enroll in a session.

Orientations

Orientations, including freshman orientation (Springboard”), new employee orientation, new faculty orientation, and international student orientation are avenues used to outline ways to maintain personal safety and residence hall security through informational booths, in-person and video presentations.

Other Educational Programs

Various other educational programs on safety related issues both for students and employees are offered by many departments throughout the year. These same programs are also available upon request. If a request is made for a prevention program that has not previously been done, all efforts will be made to customize a program to the department's needs. For additional information, contact the SIUE Police Department at 618/650-3324 or Counseling Services at 618/650-2842.

A common theme of all awareness and crime prevention programs is to encourage students and employees to be aware of their responsibility for their own security and the security of others.

Following are some additional initiatives SIUE has undertaken in an effort to provide a safe and secure campus environment:

Escort Service

The University Police Department provides an escort service to those individuals who feel apprehensive about walking alone on campus. The police will provide an escort from one building to another on campus or to a vehicle in a campus parking lot.

Safety Walks

As needed, the Campus Violence Prevention Committee conducts safety walks on the SIUE Campus, the SIU-SDM Campus, and at the Wyvetter H. Young Higher Education Campus. Faculty, staff, and students evaluate various physical aspects of each campus with particular attention to any possible safety deficiencies. Recommendations are then made to the Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration for consideration. As a result of past walks, campus lighting has been enhanced, landscaping has been pruned back, and additional emergency phone units have been installed.

EOA Outreach and Prevention Program

The Office of Equal Opportunity, Access and Title IX Coordination (EOA) is committed to maintaining a community in which students, faculty and staff can work and learn together in an atmosphere free of all forms of discrimination, including sexual and dating/domestic violence. Sexual and dating/domestic violence violate the dignity of the individual and the integrity of the University as an institution of higher learning, and thus, will not be tolerated at SIUE.

The EOA Associate Director for Outreach & Education Deputy Title IX Coordinator, works with graduate assistants, interns and student volunteers to educate other students, faculty, and staff on how to prevent power-based personal violence and on bystander intervention. Education and advocacy take place through peer education, programming and awareness events, guest speaking, and trainings.

The EOA Associate Director for Outreach & Education Deputy Title IX Coordinator, leads the **Coordinated Community Care Response Team (C3RT)**. C3RT is a campus –wide task force at SIUE that meets at least four times per calendar year for the purpose of discussing and improving upon the following areas:

- (I) best practices as they relate to prevention, awareness, education, and response to sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking by researching existing programs and collecting

data through surveys, focus groups, and needs assessments and analyzing said data in order to identify and/or create evidence based approaches to interpersonal violence at SIUE that are culturally relevant, diverse, and inclusive;

(II) SIUE's relevant policies and procedures by reviewing them at regular intervals in order to determine if policy and procedure goes beyond compliance to be trauma-informed , survivor-centered, and culturally competent using an intersectional lens ; and

(III) collaboration and information-sharing among SIUE personnel and students, relevant community-based organizations, and law enforcement on the issues of sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

C3RT members include **campus partners**: SIUE Police Department, Health Services, Office of the Provost, Counseling Services, Fraternity and Sorority Life, Military and Veterans Services, General Counsel, Student Government, Dean of Students, Housing, Title IX Coordinator, Women's Studies, Sociology, ACCESS, International Affairs, Intercollegiate Athletics, Social Work, Career Development Center, Lovejoy Library, Kimmel Belonging and Engagement Hub, Marketing & Communications, and EOA. **Off-Campus partners**: Madison County State's Attorney Office, Edwardsville Police Department, SAPR Scott Air Force Base, OASIS Women's Center, ALIVE St. Louis, Land of Lincoln Legal Aid, and Metro East Every Survivor Counts.

Emergency Notification Website

The SIUE Office of Emergency Management and Safety has set up a website to serve as a quick reference for effective action during an emergency. By going to <http://www.siu.edu/emergency> and clicking on any of the listed subject matters, you will get effective answers to that particular emergency situation. All e-Lerts will automatically be sent to this page as soon as they are posted. Any details of emergency situations that may occur on campus will be posted and updated at this site

Campus Violence Prevention Plan

The Illinois Campus Security Enhancement Act of 2008 mandated all institutions of higher education in the State to create a campus violence prevention plan and training program. In response to this statutory mandate, SIUE developed a campus violence prevention plan which sets forth violence prevention strategies, measures, policies, and programs for the purpose of preventing violence and enhancing safety on campus. This plan incorporates the statutory requirements which include the plan itself, the formation of a violence prevention committee and training/notification procedures for the campus community.

To view the SIUE Campus Violence Prevention Plan and for more information go to: <https://www.siu.edu/police/safety-policies-documents/campus-violence-prevention-plan.shtml>

UNIVERSITY POLICY STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES

Alcohol and Drug Policies

Each year, in accordance with the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989, SIUE advises students and employees of its policies in compliance with local, state, and federal laws governing controlled substances, illegal drugs, and alcoholic beverages. Information is provided about the health effects of drug and alcohol use, penalties for violating applicable laws or university policy, and educational and referral program assistance provided by the university.

Alcohol Notification and Violence Disclosure

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act permits institutions of higher education to disclose to parents or legal guardians of a student under the age of 21 years information regarding the violation of any federal, state, or local law, institutional disciplinary rule or policy regarding the use or possession of alcohol or a controlled substance. Further, the act permits institutions of higher education to disclose limited information from disciplinary records of students who have admitted to or been found guilty of a crime of violence where the records directly relate to such misconduct.

Recognizing that disclosure is permitted rather than required, SIUE will notify the parents of students under the age of 21 years regarding the violations of any federal, state, or local law or university disciplinary rules or policies pertaining to the use or possession of alcohol or a controlled substance at the discretion of the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs or their designee.

Annual Security and Fire Safety Report

The SIUE Annual Security and Fire Safety Report is available online at siue.edu/securityreport. The report contains campus safety and security information, crime statistics, fire safety policies, and fire statistics for the previous three calendar years. This report is published in compliance with Federal law, titled the “Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act” and the Higher Education Opportunity Act, also known as the “Campus Fire Safety Right to Know.” The report is also available for review at the Lovejoy Library Circulation Desk at SIUE; the Biomedical Library Circulation Desk on the SIU School of Dental Medicine Campus in Alton, Ill.; the SIUE Satellite Police Station at the East St. Louis Higher Education Campus in East St. Louis, Ill.; the Medical Library on the SIU School of Medicine Campus in Springfield, Ill.; and the Morris Library Circulation Desk at SIUC. For those without computer access, a paper copy of the report may be obtained, with a 24-hour notice, from the Office of the Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration, Rendleman Hall, Room 2228, 618-650-2536.

Equal Opportunity

SIUE is committed to affirmative action and equal opportunity for all persons in regard to its academic and educational programs and services offered to the university community. SIUE administers its

activities, programs, services, and educational and employment opportunities without regard to an individual's age, color, disability, marital status, national origin, race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, veteran status, or other prohibited basis.

SIUE complies in letter and spirit with appropriate federal and state legislation prohibiting discrimination including Titles VI and VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972, The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, and the Illinois Human Rights Act.

Responsibility for this area is assigned to the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access, and Title IX Coordination, which is charged with developing and maintaining the necessary programs, records, and reports to comply with applicable state and federal statutes and regulations, and with carrying out the goals and objectives of affirmative action and equal opportunity.

Anyone seeking more information about equal opportunity at SIUE should contact the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access, and Title IX Coordination, Room 3310, Rendleman Hall, Box 1025, SIUE, Edwardsville, IL, 62026-1025, 618-650-2333, EOA-TitleIX@siue.edu.

Fair Practice

SIUE maintains fair and reasonable practices in all matters affecting students: the delivery of educational programs, provision of support services, and due process with regard to disciplinary matters and the handling of grievances and complaints. In addition, the university endorses the basic principles of the codes of ethics issued by the American Association of Collegiate Registrars and Admissions Officers and by the National Association of College and University Business Officers. Information about fair practices may be obtained from the Offices of the Provost and Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs, the Vice Chancellor for Enrollment Management, the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs, and the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access and Title IX Coordination, Room 3310, Rendleman Hall, SIUE Campus, Box 1025, Edwardsville, IL, 62026-1025.

Notification of Students Involved in Violent Crime

SIUE will release the following information, upon request: the name of person(s) found to have committed a violent crime, the type of crime committed, the final disposition of the disciplinary process, and the sanction imposed. Students found responsible for such violations of the Student Code of Conduct which are considered "crimes of violence" as referred to in the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) [20 U.S.C. §1232g(b)(6)], will be notified of the University's policy regarding the release of this information.

University Religious Observances Act

The University Religious Observances Act (110 ILCS 110) prohibits institutions of higher education from discriminating against students for observing religious holidays or religious practices in regard to admissions, class attendance, scheduling of examinations and work requirements. Under the Act, "religious observance" or "religious practice" includes all aspects of religious observance and practice, as well as belief. Section 1.5 of the Act provides as follows, "Any student in an institution of higher learning, other than a religious or denominational institution of higher learning, who is unable, because of his or her religious beliefs, to attend classes or to participate in any examination, study, or work requirement on a particular day shall be excused from any such examination, study, or work requirement

and shall be provided with an opportunity to make up the examination, study, or work requirement that he or she may have missed because of such absence on a particular day; provided that the student notifies the faculty member or instructor well in advance of any anticipated absence or a pending conflict between a scheduled class and the religious observance and provided that the make-up examination, study, or work does not create an unreasonable burden upon the institution. No fees of any kind shall be charged by the institution for making available to the student such an opportunity. No adverse or prejudicial effects shall result to any student because of his or her availing himself or herself of the provisions of this Section.”

Any student who believes they have been unreasonably denied an educational benefit due to their religious belief or practices may seek redress with the professor of the class or with a University administrator or may file a complaint with the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access and Title IX Coordination (EOA), Room 3310, Rendleman Hall, Box 1025, SIUE, Edwardsville, IL, 62026-1025, (618) 650-2333. The EOA complaint procedure is posted on the SIUE website at www.siu.edu/policies/2c8.shtml. Moreover, the student may file a grievance pursuant to the Student Grievance Code. The code is posted on the SIUE website at <https://www.siu.edu/policies/3c3.shtml>. With respect to student work requirements, a student who believes that their religious belief or practice has not been reasonably accommodated may seek redress with the supervisor of the unit in which the student is employed, or may file a complaint with the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access and Title IX Coordination (EOA), as discussed above

Statement on Right to Privacy and Nondisclosure

Under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), all students have certain rights with respect to their education record. These rights include:

1. The right to inspect and review their official SIUE records in accordance with provisions of the aforementioned act and within the University guidelines. Inquiries regarding the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 should be directed to the Office of the Registrar.
2. The right to request the amendment of the education record that the student believes is inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise a violation of student's privacy rights under FERPA. A student who wishes to ask the University to amend a record should write to the University official responsible for the record, clearly identify the part of the record the student wants changed, and specify why it should be changed. The University will notify the student in writing of the decision and hearing procedures if appropriate.
3. The right to provide written consent before the University discloses personally identifiable information from the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent.
4. The University discloses education records without a student's prior written consent to school officials with a legitimate educational interest. A school official is a person employed by the University in an administrative, supervisory, academic or research, support staff position (including law enforcement unit personnel and health staff); a person or organization with whom the University has contracted as its agent to provide a service instead of using University employees or officials (such as an attorney, auditor, collection agent, or clinical/practicum site personnel); University-related organizations; or students assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks. A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibilities for the University. Upon request, the

University also discloses education records without consent to officials of another school in which a student seeks or intends to enroll. The university may make accessible to any person directory information concerning students unless such release violates state and/or federal regulations. For example, in accordance with the Southern Illinois University Management Act, the University will not release a student's personal identifying information to a business or financial institution that issues credit or debit cards, unless the student is 21 years of age or older.

5. Directory Information includes:

- Student name
- Student address and telephone number (local and permanent) (student must opt-in for third party release)
- Student email address (student must opt-in for third party release)
- Major field of study
- Classification
- Dates of attendance
- Full or part-time status
- Attempted hours
- Degrees and awards received
- Most recent educational agency or institution attended prior to enrollment at SIUE
- Participation in officially recognized activities or sports
- Weight or height of members of athletic teams
- Date of birth

Students may object to the release of their directory information by submitting a Directory Information Release form. This form is found in the Service Center or online at siue.edu/registrar/pdf/DirectoryInfoRelease.pdf. SIUE publishes a web directory located at siue.edu/search/index.shtml. The information in the directory is refreshed once in fall and once in spring. To ensure exclusion from this online publication, the Directory Information Release form must be on file by the end of the first week of the semester during which the objection is to go into effect. Once filed, requests to withhold directory information will remain in effect until the student submits a written cancellation of the request.

6. The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the University to comply with the requirements of FERPA. The name and address of the office that administers FERPA is:

U.S. Department of Education
Student Privacy Policy Office
400 Maryland Ave, SW
Washington, D. C. 20202-8520
FERPA.Complaints@ed.gov

Note: The University's complete Policy on Release of Student Information and Access to Student Records may be found at <https://www.siue.edu/policies/table-of-contents/3g2.shtml>.

SIUE Policy Prohibiting Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment in higher education is Illegal. Everyone has the right to attend a college or university free from sexual harassment. The Illinois Human Rights Act makes it unlawful for teachers, professors, faculty members and other employees of colleges and universities to sexually harass their students. The Act specifically prohibits unwelcome advances or conduct of a sexual nature, and requests for sexual favors of students by an executive, faculty member, administrative staff member, or teaching assistant. The Act covers all public or private universities, colleges, community colleges, junior colleges, business schools, and vocational schools.

Examples of Sexual Harassment in Higher Education:

1. A professor who continually makes jokes of a sexual nature in the classroom;
2. A registration advisor who tells a student he or she might be able to get into a class if the student dates the advisor;
3. An admissions officer who tells a prospective student that the advisor will put in a “good word” for the prospective student if he or she dates the advisor;
4. A financial assistance advisor who tells a student that “if you have sex with me, I can look out for scholarships for you”;
5. A teaching assistant who promises a student a better grade if the student does not resist any inappropriate touching or sexual advances.

Protection Against Retaliation: It also is unlawful for a teacher or professor, or for the college or university, to retaliate against a student because the student reported sexual harassment, participated in an investigation of sexual harassment, or because the student filed a charge of discrimination with the Illinois Department of Human Rights.

What to Do: Any student who believes they are being subjected to sexual harassment or retaliated against, or anyone seeking more information about the University’s harassment and discrimination policies can contact the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access, and Title IX Coordination, Room 3310, Rendleman Hall, Box 1025, SIUE, Edwardsville, IL 62025-1025, (618) 650-2333 or email EOA-TitleIX@siue.edu. The SIUE Non-Discrimination and Non-Harassment Policy, which includes a prohibition against sexual harassment is available online at [Policies & Procedures - Miscellaneous - Non-Discrimination and Non-Harassment Policy and Complaint Procedures - 2C7 & 3C6](#).

Any student who believes they are being subjected to sexual harassment or retaliated against may also contact the Illinois Department of Human Rights for more information or to file a charge. Students may contact the Department at 312-814-6200 (Chicago) or 217-785-5100 (Springfield), 866-740-3953 (TTY); or by visiting the Department’s website: [illinois.gov/dhr](http://www.illinois.gov/dhr). Any charge alleging sexual harassment in higher education must be filed within 180 days of the alleged incident(s). Charge forms are available on the Department’s website: <http://www.illinois.gov/dhr/FilingCharge/Pages/Education.aspx>.

Student Social Conduct, Student Academic Conduct, Student Grievance

Students enrolling in SIUE assume responsibility for conduct compatible with the learning environment of the University. Students are expected to be familiar with the Student Code of Conduct, Student Academic Code, and Student Grievance Code. These policies describe the University’s expectations for student conduct, sanctions imposed for violations of these standards, and the procedures which students may follow in filing grievances.

The University gives high priority to matters of academic ethics and abhors all types of cheating, including plagiarism. Plagiarism is the act of representing the work of another as one's own and may consist of copying or otherwise using written or oral work of another without proper acknowledgement of the source. Instructors may impose sanctions for academic misconduct in accordance with the Student Academic Code, [Policies & Procedures - Student Rights and Conduct - Student Academic Code - 3C2](#). Students who wish to understand matters relevant to academic ethics and plagiarism should consult their advisors or instructors.

Copies of the codes are available in the Office of the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs, the Office of the Provost and Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs, the Graduate School, the Service Center, and in the Office of the Dean, School of Dental Medicine. An electronic version of the Code of Student Conduct can also be found at: <https://www.siu.edu/policies/3c1.shtml>

Stop Campus Hazing Act: Building a Safer Campus Together

Southern Illinois University Edwardsville is committed to providing a safe educational environment for everyone and does not tolerate hazing by any group or individual affiliated with the University.

SIUE students should expect all student organizations to treat them with respect and dignity. Hazing has no place in the Cougar experience or student organization culture.

SIUE defines hazing as any action taken or situation created (1) for the purpose of induction or admission into or affiliation with or continued membership in any group, organization, or society and (2) that is conducted for the purpose of subjecting another individual to mental or physical discomfort, physical injury, embarrassment, harassment, ridicule, or that poses a risk to the health and safety of a person. A student may be responsible for hazing regardless of the person's willingness or consent to participate in the situation or action.

The Illinois Anti-Hazing Law defines hazing as follows:

- a. (a) A person commits hazing when he or she knowingly requires the performance of any act by a student or other person in a school, college, university, or other educational institution of this State, for the purpose of induction or admission into any group, organization, or society associated or connected with that institution, if:
 - a. (1) the act is not sanctioned or authorized by that educational institution; and
 - b. (2) the act results in bodily harm to any person.
- b. (b) Sentence. Hazing is a Class A misdemeanor, except that hazing that results in death or great bodily harm is a Class 4 felony.

It is not a defense to a prosecution under subsection (a) that the person against whom the hazing was directed consented to or acquiesced in the hazing.

SUBSTANCE ABUSE EDUCATION

SIUE is committed to educating the entire Campus community in the areas of alcohol and other drug use. Counseling Services, Health Services, and the Police Department provide programs and other resources concerning alcohol and drug abuse upon request from any University group. If students have questions concerning the health risks associated with the use of alcohol and other drugs, they are encouraged to contact Health Services at 618/650-2842.

Counseling Services is available to aid students in their maintenance of good mental health. Counselors provide assistance for students with personal, developmental, and academic concerns. Counseling Services provides outreach programs to educate students and staff on how to drink responsibly, what the State laws are pertaining to drug and alcohol use, how to recognize someone with alcohol poisoning, and many other issues pertaining to alcohol and drug abuse.

Counseling Services is staffed by professional psychologists and counselors with their main location at the Edwardsville Campus, in the Student Success Center, Lower Level, Room 0220, 618/650-2842. They can be reached at 618/650-2842. Student counseling is conducted in a private setting, and all information remains confidential according to Illinois law.

SEXUAL VIOLENCE AND VAWA COMPLIANCE

Southern Illinois University Edwardsville

JEANNE CLERY DISCLOSURE OF CAMPUS SECURITY POLICY AND CAMPUS CRIME STATISTICS ACT, AS AMENDED BY THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2013

Southern Illinois University Edwardsville (SIUE) does not discriminate on the basis of sex in its educational programs and sexual harassment and sexual violence are types of sex discrimination. Other acts can also be forms of sex-based discrimination and are also prohibited whether sexually based or not and include dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. As a result, SIUE issues this statement of policy to inform the community of our comprehensive plan addressing sexual misconduct, educational programs, and procedures that address sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, whether the incident occurs on or off campus and when it is reported to a University official¹. In this context SIUE prohibits the offenses of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking and reaffirms its commitment to maintain a campus environment emphasizing the dignity and worth of all members of the University community.

For a complete copy of Southern Illinois University Edwardsville's policies governing sexual misconduct and violence under Title IX, visit: <https://www.siue.edu/policies/2c9.shtml>. For sexual misconduct complaints that do not fall under Title IX, visit: <https://www.siue.edu/policies/table-of-contents/2c7.shtml>.

SIUE prohibits the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking.

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

SIUE's policies and procedures on Sexual Assault, Sexual Misconduct and Relationship Violence can be found at: <https://www.siue.edu/policies/2c9.shtml> for Title IX and <https://www.siue.edu/policies/table-of-contents/2c7.shtml> for non-Title IX sexual misconduct.

SIUE's Student Rights and Conduct (Student Code of Conduct) prohibits sexually violent acts, termed "Sexual Misconduct" by the University, which can be crimes as well. Sexual misconduct includes non-consensual sexual intercourse, non-consensual sexual contact, sexual exploitation, interpersonal/relationship violence, sex/gender based stalking, and sexual harassment. While the University utilizes different standards and definitions than the Illinois Code, sexual misconduct often overlaps with the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, and domestic violence. Victims of these behaviors are protected by federal laws, specifically Title IX, <https://www.siue.edu/ea/>, and the Clery Act, which mandates the contents of this report.

It is the policy of the University not to notify campus law enforcement when sexual misconduct occurs, unless a victim wishes or there is an emergency threat to health or safety of the University. Victims have the option to notify law enforcement directly, or to be assisted in doing so by the confidential advocate. If requested, campus officials can facilitate reporting to campus or local law enforcement, but may also respect a victim's request not to do so.

In an effort to reduce the risk of sexual misconduct as well as the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, and domestic violence occurring among its students, the University utilizes a range of campaigns, strategies, and initiatives to promote awareness, educational, risk reduction, and prevention programming (a list of these programs can be found in the Crime Prevention and Security Awareness Programs section of this report).

It is the policy of the University to offer programming to identify and prevent domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault (including stranger and known offender assaults), and stalking each year. Educational programs are offered to raise awareness for all incoming students and employees, and are often conducted during new student and new employee orientation and throughout an incoming student's first semester. In addition, ALL students, both incoming and returning, must complete mandatory training in compliance with the Illinois Preventing Sexual Violence in Higher Education Act (110 ILCS 155) prior to being allowed to enroll in the upcoming semester. Programs and other campaigns offered throughout the year to all students and employees include strong messages regarding not just awareness, but also primary prevention (including normative messaging, environmental management, and bystander intervention), and discuss institutional policies on sexual misconduct as well as the Illinois definitions of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, and consent in reference to sexual activity. Programs also offer information on risk reduction that strives to empower victims, how to recognize warning signals and how to avoid potential attacks, and do so without victim-blaming approaches. Some examples of these programs are R.A.D (Rape Aggression Defense), Stop Violence Campaign, Risky Business, and the mandatory training for all students called U Got This for undergraduate students and U Got This 2 for graduate students. Programs are informed by evidence-based research and/or are assessed for their effectiveness.

Bystander engagement is encouraged through safe and positive intervention techniques and by empowering third-party intervention and prevention such as calling for help, using intervention-based apps (Rave Guardian), identifying allies, and/or creating distractions. Bystander empowerment training highlights the need for those who intervene to ensure their own safety in the intervention techniques they choose, and motivates them to intervene as stakeholders in the safety of the community when others might choose to be bystanders.

In the event that sexual misconduct, gender-based violence, or the crimes of sexual assault, stalking, dating violence or domestic violence does occur, SIUE takes the matter very seriously. The University employs interim protection measures such as interim suspensions and/or no contact orders in any case where a student's behavior represents a risk of violence, threat, pattern, or predation. If a student is accused of sexual misconduct, other gender-based violence, or the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence, the student is subject to action in accordance with the Student Rights and Conduct in the student handbook. Anyone with knowledge about sexual misconduct, gender-based violence, or the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence is encouraged to report it immediately. Under Title IX, employees are mandated reporters, and as such, must report all sexual misconduct to the EOA. Protective measures for victims are available from the campus whether a victim chooses to report to Campus law enforcement, and irrespective of whether a victim pursues a formal complaint through the University resolution process. A student wishing to officially report such an incident may do so by contacting:

CONTACT NUMBERS	
Emergency (Edwardsville/Alton Campuses)	911
SIUE Edwardsville Campus Police	618/650-3324
SIUE Housing	618/650-3931
SIUE Student Affairs	618/650-2020
SIUE Alton Campus SDM Student Services	618/474-7170
Office of Equal Opportunity, Access & Title IX	618/650-2333

If you are the victim of sexual misconduct, gender-based violence, or the crimes of rape, acquaintance rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence, some or all of these safety suggestions may guide you after an incident has occurred:

1. Go to a safe place and speak with someone you trust. Tell this person what happened. If there is any immediate danger, call 911.
2. Consider securing immediate professional support (e.g., counseling, victim advocacy, medical services, etc.) to assist you in the crisis.

3. If you are on campus during regular business hours, you may go to Counseling Services located in the Student Success Center on the lower level, room 0220 or TimelyCare (www.siue.edu/timelycare) for support and guidance. These are both confidential resources. After regular business hours, or in any situation where a victim wishes, local resources are also available and may be able to provide confidential assistance. Local resources can be contacted at:

Edwardsville Police Dept.	333 S. Main St. Edwardsville,	618-656-2131
Glen Carbon Police Dept.	151 North Main, Glen Carbon, IL	618-288-7226
Madison County Sheriff's Department	405 Randle, Edwardsville, IL	618-692-6087
Anderson Hospital	2133 Vadalabene Dr., Maryville, IL	618-288-5711
Oasis Women's Shelter for Victims of Domestic Violence	Alton, Illinois	618-465-1978
Metro East Every Survivor Counts	Wood River & Belleville, IL	618-397-0975
Phoenix Crisis Center for Victims of Domestic Violence	Granite City, IL	618-451-1008
Violence Prevention Center of Southwestern Illinois	Belleville, IL	618-235-0892 or 800-924- 0096
Madison County State's Attorney	157 N. Main, Edwardsville, IL	618-692-6280

4. For your safety and well-being, immediate medical attention is encouraged. Further, being examined as soon as possible, ideally within 72 hours, is important in the case of rape or sexual assault. The hospital will arrange for a specific medical examination at no charge or can work with you to arrange state reimbursement.
 - To preserve evidence, it is recommended that you do not bathe, shower, douche, eat, drink, smoke, brush your teeth, urinate, defecate, or change clothes before receiving medical attention. Even if you have already taken any of these actions, you are still encouraged to have prompt medical care, and evidence may still be recoverable.
 - Typically, if police are involved or will be involved, they will obtain evidence from the scene, and it is best to leave things undisturbed until their arrival. They will gather bedding, linens or unlaundered clothing, and any other pertinent articles that may be used for evidence. It is best to allow police to secure items in evidence containers, but if you are involved in transmission of items of evidence, such as to the hospital, secure them in a clean **paper** bag or clean sheet to avoid contamination.
 - If you have physical injuries, photograph or have them photographed.

- Record the names of any witnesses and their contact information. This information may be helpful as proof of a crime, to obtain an order of protection, or to offer proof of a campus policy violation.
 - If you obtain external orders of protection (e.g., restraining orders, injunctions, protection from abuse), please notify the University Police and/or the campus Title IX Coordinator so that those orders can be observed on campus.
5. Even after the immediate crisis has passed, consider seeking support from Counseling Services, TimelyCare, and/or Metro East Every Survivor Counts Confidential Advisor 24/7 Hotline.
 6. Contact the Confidential Advisor available through Metro East Every Survivor Counts (618) 397-0975, if you need assistance with University- related concerns, such as no-contact orders or other protective measures. The Confidential Advisor will also assist in any needed advocacy for students who wish to obtain protective or restraining orders from local authorities. The University is able to offer reasonable academic supports, changes to living arrangements, transportation resources or modifications, escorts, no contact orders, counseling services access, and other supports and resources as needed by a victim. The University is able to offer information about legal assistance, visa/immigration assistance, and student financial aid considerations for victims.

Other resources available to persons who report being the victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, include:

<http://www.ilcadv.org/> - Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence

<http://www.ncadv.org/> – National Coalition Against Domestic Violence

<https://www.rainn.org/> – Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network

<http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html> Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights

DEFINITIONS

SIUE defines consent as:

Consent: is a freely and knowingly given agreement to the act of sexual conduct or sexual penetration in question. Consent is demonstrated through mutually understandable words and/or actions that clearly indicate a willingness to engage freely in sexual activity. While consent can be given by words or actions, non-verbal consent is more ambiguous than explicitly stating one's wants and limitations. Silence cannot be assumed to indicate consent. Lack of verbal or physical resistance or submission resulting from the use of force or threat of force by the accused shall not constitute consent.

1. Guidance for Consent:

- One is expected to obtain consent to each act of sexual activity prior to initiating such activity. Consent to one form of sexual activity does not constitute consent to engage in other forms of sexual activity.
- Consent consists of an outward demonstration indicating that an individual has freely chosen to engage in sexual activity. Relying on non-verbal communication can lead to misunderstandings. Consent may not be inferred from silence, passivity, lack of resistance, or lack of an active response alone. A person who does not physically resist or verbally refuse sexual activity is not necessarily giving consent.
- When consent is requested verbally, absence of any explicit verbal response constitutes lack of consent. A verbal “no” constitutes lack of consent, even if it sounds insincere or indecisive.
- If at any time during the sexual activity, any confusion or ambiguity arises as to the willingness of the other individual to proceed, both parties should stop and clarify verbally the other's willingness to continue before continuing such activity.
- Either party may withdraw consent at any time. Withdrawal of consent should be outwardly demonstrated by words or actions that clearly indicate a desire to end sexual activity. Once withdrawal of consent has been expressed, sexual activity must cease.
- Individuals with a previous or current sexual relationship do not automatically give either initial or continued consent to sexual activity. Even in the context of a relationship, there must be mutually understandable communication that clearly indicates a willingness to engage in sexual activity.
- Consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not constitute consent to engage in sexual activity with another.

- Consent is not valid if it results from the use or threat of physical force, intimidation, or coercion, or any other factor that would eliminate an individual's ability to exercise his or her own free will to choose whether or not to have sexual contact. It is a violation of the [Title IX Policy](#) if faculty members, coaches, advisors, or other staff members become involved in amorous or sexual relationships with students who are enrolled in their classes or subject to their supervision, even when both parties appear to have consented to the relationship. Likewise, it is a violation for a supervisor and a directly reporting employee to have a consensual amorous or sexual relationship with each other.
- A person's manner of dress does not constitute consent.
- An individual who is incapacitated from alcohol or other drug consumption (voluntarily or involuntarily) or is asleep, unconscious, unaware, or otherwise physically helpless is considered unable to give consent.
- In the State of Illinois, persons under the age of 17 cannot legally consent to sexual activity. Thus, in Illinois, any sexual activity with persons under the age of 17 could constitute sexual assault of a minor, and implicate mandatory child abuse reporting.

Incapacitation, Alcohol, Coercion, and Related Concepts:

A person violates the Sexual Assault, Sexual Misconduct and Relationship Violence Policy if he or she has sexual contact with someone he or she knows, or should know, to be mentally incapacitated or has reached the degree of intoxication that results in incapacitation. The test of whether an individual should know about another's incapacitation is whether a reasonable, sober person would recognize the incapacitation. An accused person cannot rebut a Sexual Assault or Sexual Misconduct charge merely by asserting that he or she was intoxicated or otherwise impaired and, as a result, did not know that the other person was incapacitated. Alcohol, drugs or other intoxicants do not dismiss the responsibility of an individual to obtain valid consent.

A person is considered incapacitated, or unable to give consent, if they are unable to understand the nature of the activity or give knowing consent due to the circumstances at the time in question.

A person is NOT able to give effective consent in the following situations:

- An individual who is incapacitated due to the consumption of alcohol or other drugs cannot consent to sexual activity. An individual is incapacitated if he/she is physically helpless, unconscious, or unaware due to drug or alcohol consumption (voluntarily or involuntarily) or for some other reason.

Where alcohol is involved, incapacitation is a state beyond drunkenness or intoxication. Some indicators of incapacitation may include, but are not limited to, lack of control over physical movements, being unaware of circumstances or surroundings, slurred speech, vomiting, or being unable to communicate for any reason.

- When an individual is sleeping or unconscious.
- When a person's mental capacity is not at the level of an adult, such as an individual with a mental or developmental disability.

In some situations, an individual's ability to freely, willingly, and knowingly consent is taken away by another person or circumstance. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- When an individual is physically forced to participate. Force is the use of physical violence and/or imposing on someone physically in order to gain sexual access. There is no requirement that a party resists the sexual advance or request, but resistance is a clear demonstration of non-consent. Any sexual activity that is forced is by definition without consent.

- When an individual is intimidated, threatened – even by a perceived threat – isolated, or confined.
- When an individual is coerced or unreasonably pressured for sexual activity. When someone makes clear that they do not want to engage in sexual activity, that they want something to stop, or that they do not want to go past a certain point of sexual interaction, continued pressure past that point can be coercive behavior. When evaluating coercive behavior, factors such as the frequency, duration, location (isolation of recipient of unwanted contact), and intensity of coercive behaviors will be considered.

Consent under Illinois State Law:

720 ILCS 5/11-1.70)

- (a) "Consent" means a freely given agreement to the act of sexual penetration or sexual conduct in question. Lack of verbal or physical resistance or submission by the victim resulting from the use of force or threat of force by the accused shall not constitute consent. The manner of dress of the victim at the time of the offense shall not constitute consent.
- (b) It shall be a defense under subsection (b) and subsection (c) of Section 11-1.50 and subsection (d) of Section 11-1.60 of this Code that the accused reasonably believed the person to be 17 years of age or over.
- (c) A person who initially consents to sexual penetration or sexual conduct is not deemed to have consented to any sexual penetration or sexual conduct that occurs after he or she withdraws consent during the course of that sexual penetration or sexual conduct.

Sexual Assault (Sex Offenses): Any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Rape: The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This offense includes the rape of both males and females.

Fondling: The touching of the private parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest: Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Sexual Assault under Illinois State Law:

720 ILCS 5/11-1.2—Criminal Sexual Assault: A person commits criminal sexual assault if that person commits an act of sexual penetration and:

- a) uses force or threat of force;
- b) knows that the victim is unable to understand the nature of the act or is unable to give knowing consent;
- c) is a family member of the victim, and the victim is under 18 years of age; or
- d) is 17 years of age or over and holds a position of trust, authority, or supervision in relation to the victim, and the victim is at least 13 years of age but under 18 years of age.

Sexual Conduct: Any knowing touching or fondling by the victim or the accused, either directly or through clothing, of the sexual organs, anus, or breast of the victim or the accused, or any part of the body of a child under 13 years of age, or any transfer or transmission of semen by the accused upon any part of the clothed or unclothed body of the victim, for the purpose of sexual gratification or arousal of the victim or the accused.

Sexual Excitement: The condition of human male or female genitals when in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal.

Sexual Penetration: Any contact, however slight, between the sex organ or anus of one person and an object or the sex organ, mouth, or anus of another person, or any intrusion, however slight, of any part of the body of one person or of any animal or object into the sex organ or anus of another person, including, but not limited to, cunnilingus, fellatio, or anal penetration. Evidence of emission of semen is not required to prove sexual penetration.

(720 ILCS 5/11-1.50) Sec. 11-1.50. Criminal sexual abuse.

- a. A person commits criminal sexual abuse if that person:
 1. Commits an act of sexual conduct by the use of force or threat of force; or
 2. Commits an act of sexual conduct and knows that the victim is unable to understand the nature of the act or is unable to give knowing consent.
- b. A person commits criminal sexual abuse if that person is under 17 years of age and commits an act of sexual penetration or sexual conduct with a victim who is at least 9 years of age but under 17 years of age.
- c. A person commits criminal sexual abuse if that person commits an act of sexual penetration or sexual conduct with a victim who is at least 13 years of age but under 17 years of age and the person is less than 5 years older than the victim.

Stalking: is defined as engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to

- fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
- suffer substantial emotional distress.

Stalking under Illinois State Law:

(720 ILCS 5/12-7.3) Sec. 12-7.3. Stalking.

(a) A person commits stalking when he or she knowingly engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person, and he or she knows or should know that this course of conduct would cause a reasonable person to:

(1) fear for his or her safety or the safety of a third person; or

(2) suffer other emotional distress.

(a-3) A person commits stalking when he or she, knowingly and without lawful justification, on at least 2 separate occasions follows another person or places the person under surveillance or any combination thereof and:

(1) at any time transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint and the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person; or

(2) places that person in reasonable apprehension of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint to or of that person or a family member of that person.

(a-5) A person commits stalking when he or she has previously been convicted of stalking another person and knowingly and without lawful justification on one occasion:

(1) follows that same person or places that same person under surveillance; and

(2) transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement or restraint to that person or a family member of that person.

Domestic Violence: Domestic violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed-

- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- By a parent, children, stepchildren and other persons of relation;
- By a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred;

Or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred

Domestic Violence under Illinois State Law:

(720 ILCS 5/12-3.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-3.2)

Sec. 12-3.2. Domestic battery.

(a) A person commits domestic battery if he or she knowingly without legal justification by any means:

(1) causes bodily harm to any family or household member;

(2) makes physical contact of an insulting or provoking nature with any family or household member.

"Domestic violence" is defined as physical abuse, harassment, intimidation, interference with personal liberty or the willful deprivation of a dependent. This definition can be claimed by any of the following individuals under Illinois State law; spouses; former spouses; children; stepchildren (along with other family members joined by a common marriage, such as in-laws); people who share or used to share a common residence; people who have or allegedly have a child in common, or who have or allegedly have a blood relation through a child; persons who have or have had a dating relationship or engagement; and disabled dependents or their caregivers.

Dating Violence: is defined as violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition

- Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
- Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

NOTE: Under Illinois State law, there is no dating violence criminal statute; dating violence falls within the domestic violence criminal statute.

University Prohibited Conduct:

The University prohibits all forms of Sexual Assault, Sexual Misconduct and Relationship Violence. Sexual Misconduct is a broad term that includes, but is not limited to, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, stalking, cyber-stalking, and aiding or facilitating the commission of a violation, and retaliation.

"Sexual Assault" is any type of sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another that occurs without that person's knowing and voluntary consent.

"Sexual Contact" includes intentional contact with the breasts, buttock, groin, or genitals, or touching another with any of these body parts, or making another touch you or themselves with or on any of these body parts; any intentional bodily contact in a sexual manner, though not involving contact with/of/by breasts, buttocks, groin, genitals, mouth or other orifice.

"Sexual Intercourse" includes vaginal or anal penetration, however slight, with a body part (e.g., penis, tongue, finger, hand, etc.) or object, or oral penetration involving mouth to genital contact.

"Sexual Exploitation" is taking advantage of the sexuality of another person without consent or in a manner that extends the bounds of consensual sexual activity without the knowledge of the other individual for any purpose, including sexual gratification, financial gain, personal benefit, or any other non-legitimate purpose. Examples of sexual exploitation include:

- non-consensual video or audio-taping of sexual activity;
- going beyond the boundaries of consent (such as letting others hide in the closet to watch you having consensual sex);
- engaging in voyeurism;

- knowingly transmitting an STD or HIV to another person;
- exposing one's genitals in non-consensual circumstances;
- inducing another to expose their genitals;

“Stalking” is when any person purposely and repeatedly (two or more times) engages in an unwanted course of conduct that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their or others' safety, or to suffer substantial emotional distress. Stalking can be a form of Sexual Harassment. Such harassment can be either physical stalking or cyber stalking. Stalking may present a safety concern or be an indicator of a potential safety concern.

“Dating Violence” refers to violence by a person who has been in a romantic or intimate relationship with the Complainant. Whether a relationship exists will depend on the length, type, and frequency of interaction.

“Domestic Violence” refers to violence committed by a current or former spouse or relationship partner, current or former cohabitant, a person with whom a Complainant shares a child in common, a person similarly situated to a spouse under domestic or family violence law, or anyone else protected under domestic or family violence law.

“Aiding or Facilitating” refers to when any individual or group of individuals aids, facilitates, promotes, or encourages another to commit a violation under this Policy. Aiding or facilitating may also include failing to take action to prevent an imminent act when it is reasonably prudent and safe to do so.

“Retaliation” refers to any acts, threats, or attempts to discourage a person from reporting prohibited conduct or participating in the investigation or hearing process. Retaliation also refers to any acts, threats, or attempts to seek retribution against a Complainant, Reporting Party, the Accused Party, or any individual or group of individuals involved in the investigation and/or resolution of an allegation of sexual misconduct. Retaliation can be committed by any individual or group of individuals, not just a Reporting Party or Accused Party

“Sexual Harassment--Hostile Environment” occurs when unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature is so severe, persistent, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the educational institution's education program or activity. Additional information about sexual harassment can be found in the [SIU Title IX Policy](#).

Sexual harassment is a form of misconduct that undermines the integrity of the academic environment. It is the policy of the University that sexual harassment is prohibited. All members of the University community, especially officers, faculty, and other individuals who exercise supervisory authority, have an obligation to promote an environment that is free of sexual harassment.

Any complaints or inquiries regarding sexual harassment of a student by an officer, faculty member, or staff member should be brought to the immediate attention of EOA. Any complaints or inquiries regarding sexual harassment of a student by another student should be brought to the immediate attention

of EOA. The University will investigate such claims promptly and thoroughly. If harassment is established, the University will discipline the offender. Disciplinary action for violations of this policy can range from verbal or written warnings, up to and including immediate termination from employment or dismissal from the University for serious or repeated violations.

Sex Offender Registration

The Federal Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act, enacted on October 28, 2000, requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information provided by a State concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a State to provide notice, as required under State law, of each institution of higher education in that State at which the person is employed, carries on a vocation, volunteers services or is a student.

In Illinois convicted sex offenders must register in person in the jurisdiction of residence within 10 days of residency. If attending, employed, or carrying on a vocation at an institution of higher education located in a jurisdiction other than their residence, they are also required to register in person with the jurisdiction where the institution of higher education is located. Sex offenders affiliated with the Edwardsville Campus would register with the Edwardsville Police Department at 400 N. Main, Edwardsville, IL.; those affiliated with the Alton Campus would register with the Alton Police Department at 1700 E. Broadway, Alton, IL; those affiliated with the East St. Louis Higher Education Center would register with the East St. Louis Police Department at 301 River Park Drive, East St. Louis, IL; those affiliated with the Carbondale School of Nursing Program would register with the Carbondale, IL Police Department at 501 S. Washington, Carbondale, IL; and those affiliated with the Springfield School of Nursing would register with the Springfield, IL Police Department at 800 E. Monroe, Springfield, IL. Each of these jurisdictions has an obligation to notify the SIUE Police Department of any sex offender registered with their jurisdiction and affiliated with any of the above locations. Such individuals attending or employed with SIUE are also obligated, pursuant to State law and University Policy, to register in person with the SIUE Police Department.

The Illinois State Police is responsible for maintaining the sex offender registry. By going to <https://isp.illinois.gov/Sor/OffenderRegistration> you may enter searches on this web page by city, county, zip code or name. There is also a link for this site on the SIUE Police Department's web page at <http://www.siue.edu/police>. (click on Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2002).

To request information regarding registered sex offenders, including those enrolled or employed at Southern Illinois University Edwardsville campuses and non-campus locations, write to the SIUE Police Department, Box 1041, 99 Supporting Services Road, Edwardsville, Illinois 62026, or email the SIUE Police Department at police@siue.edu.

Reporting of Sexual Assault or Other Sexual Violence, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence or Stalking

Although the University strongly encourages all members of its community to report violations of this policy to law enforcement, it is the victim's choice whether or not to make such a report and victims have the right to decline involvement with the police. The University Police Department will assist any victim who wants to make a police report. The University Police will also assist any victim with notifying the police department where the incident occurred (if the incident occurred off campus) if they so desire. You can contact the University Police Department by calling 618-650-3324 or in person at 99 Supporting Services Road, Edwardsville, IL 62026. In the event of any emergency situation please call 911 for assistance.

The University has procedures in place that serve to be sensitive to those who report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, including informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges as well as the availability of medical, counseling and support services, and additional remedies to prevent contact between a complainant and an accused party, such as housing, academic, transportation and working accommodations, if reasonably available. Students and employees should contact the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access, and Title IX Coordination.

After an incident of sexual violence and/or domestic violence, the victim should consider seeking medical attention as soon as possible at the nearest hospital or medical facility. Victims can contact the SIUE Police Department for assistance if needed. Anderson Hospital in Maryville Illinois participates in the SANE program, which is Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner. These nurses are available 24 hours a day to assist sexual assault victims.

In Illinois, evidence may be collected even if you chose not to make a report to law enforcement. If the complainant desires full confidentiality they should speak with a mental health counselor, a health service provider or an off campus victim advocate. SIUE Counseling Services provides confidential individual counseling for students, as does TimelyCare. You may choose to make a confidential report with them. The SIUE Police Department does take third party and confidential police reports. With your permission, the Chief of Police, or a designee of the University Police Department may file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. The purpose of a confidential report is to attempt to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. The University must weigh the request against the obligation to provide a safe, non-discriminatory environment for the entire University community. If the University honors the request for confidentiality, you must understand that the University's ability to meaningfully investigate the incident and pursue disciplinary action against the alleged offender(s) may be limited. If the University determines that it cannot maintain a victim's confidentiality, the University will inform the victim prior to starting an investigation and will, to the extent possible, only share information with people responsible for handling the University's response.

It is important that a victim of sexual assault not bathe, douche, smoke, change clothing or clean the bed/linen/area where they were assaulted if the offense occurred within the past 96 hours so that evidence as may be necessary to the proof of criminal activity may be preserved. In circumstances of sexual assault, if victims do not opt for forensic evidence collection, health care providers can still treat injuries and take steps to address concerns of pregnancy and/or sexually transmitted disease. Victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking, and dating violence are encouraged to also preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, other communications, and keeping pictures, logs or other copies of documents, if they have any, that would be useful to investigators or the police.

If you have been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, you may also report the incident to the Title IX Coordinator in the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access and Title IX Coordination, Room 3310, Rendleman Hall, SIUE Campus, Edwardsville, Illinois; 618-650-2333.

The University will provide resources to persons who have been victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, and will apply appropriate disciplinary procedures to those who violate this policy. The procedures set forth below are intended to afford a prompt response to charges of sexual assault, domestic or dating violence, and stalking, to maintain confidentiality and fairness consistent with applicable legal requirements, and to impose appropriate sanctions on violators of this policy.

As time passes, evidence may dissipate or become lost or unavailable, thereby making investigation, possible prosecution, disciplinary proceedings, or obtaining protection from abuse orders related to the incident more difficult. If a victim chooses not to make a complaint regarding an incident, should consider speaking with University Police or other law enforcement to preserve evidence in the event that the victim changes their mind at a later date.

If a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking is reported to the University, below is an outline of the procedures that the University will follow as well as a statement of the standard of evidence that will be used during any investigation or judicial hearing on campus arising from such a report:

Assistance for Victims: Rights & Options

Regardless of whether a victim elects to pursue a criminal complaint, the University will assist victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking and will provide each victim with a written explanation of their rights. In Illinois, a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking has various rights and options, which are discussed below:

Orders of Protection

Furthermore, Southern Illinois University Edwardsville complies with Illinois law in recognizing orders of protection. Any person who obtains an order of protection, that relates to an incident of sexual assault, stalking, dating violence or domestic violence should provide a copy to University Police. A complainant may then meet with University Police to develop a Safety Action Plan, which is a plan for university police and the victim to reduce risk of harm while on campus or coming and going from campus. This plan may include, but is not limited to: escorts, special parking arrangements, changing classroom location or allowing a student/staff member to complete assignments from home, etc.)

To Obtain an Order of Protection

- Contact the Madison County State' Attorneys Office at 618-692-6280 or visit the website at http://www.co.madison.il.us/departments/state_s_attorney/order_of_protection_information.php
- Contact Metro East Every Survivor Counts' Confidential Advisor, who will go with you for every step involved in a Sexual Assault, to include obtaining an Order of Protection.
- Contact a domestic violence prevention program – see resource section;
- Ask your attorney to file in civil court;
- Request an order with your divorce; or
- Request an order during a criminal prosecution.

Additional information is available at: www.illinoisattorneygeneral.gov/women/victims.html

To the extent of the victim's cooperation and consent, University offices, including the Office of Human Resources, the University Police Department, the Office of the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs, and the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access and Title IX Coordination will work cooperatively to ensure that the complainant's health, physical safety, work and academic status are protected, pending the outcome of a formal University investigation of a complaint. For example, if requested or deemed appropriate, a complainant will be offered changes to academic, living, or working situations in addition to counseling, health services and assistance in notifying appropriate local law enforcement by contacting the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access, and Title IX Coordination. Additionally, personally identifiable information about the victim will be treated as confidential and only shared with persons with a specific need to know who are investigating/adjudicating the complaint or delivering resources or support services to the complainant. The University does not publish the name of crime victims nor house identifiable information regarding victims in the campus Police Department's Daily Crime Log or online. Victims may request that directory information on file be removed from public sources. Students can contact the Office of the Registrar at 618-650-3770, Rendleman Hall, Room 1207, Edwardsville, IL 62026 or visit the website <https://www.siue.edu/registrar/> Employees can contact the Office of Human Resources at 618-650-2190, Rendleman Hall, Room 3210, Edwardsville, IL 62026 or visit the website: http://www.siue.edu/humanresources/contact_us.shtml

SEXUAL ASSAULT, DATING VIOLENCE, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND STALKING PREVENTION, RESPONSE, & EDUCATION

The University, through the Police Department, Counseling Services, Health Services, Housing, Student Affairs, Title IX and other University personnel are committed to educating and raising awareness of the University community on issues pertaining to sexual assault, acquaintance rape, other forcible and non-forcible sex offenses, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking. This is accomplished by providing workshops, training seminars, informational programs, support groups, and advocacy on an on-going basis to students and employees. Information on awareness and prevention are presented at several SIUE functions throughout the year, i.e. new student and new employee orientations, and other University sponsored events. These departments offer educational and informational programs to University students and employees upon request.

If you are a victim of a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and/or stalking on or off campus, your first priority should be to get to a place of safety. The University Police Department strongly advocates that a victim of any of these crimes report the incident as soon as possible. Time is a critical factor for evidence collection and preservation. The victim of a sexual assault should not shower, use sanitary products, use the restroom, change clothes, or touch anything the suspect may have touched.

An assault that occurs on the Edwardsville and Alton Campus should be reported directly to the University Police by calling 911. If you are off campus, call 911 and you will be put directly in touch with the police jurisdiction you are currently in. If the victim is not comfortable with contacting the police directly, they should contact a representative of Counseling Services, Health Services, Housing, or Student Affairs, or the Office of Equal Opportunity, Access and Title IX and the representative will assist the victim in notifying the proper authorities. If you are on the Alton Campus, you may contact any of the above Edwardsville Campus offices or the Assistant Dean for Admissions and Student Services (Student Affairs) located on the Alton Campus. Filing a police report will ensure that a victim receives the necessary medical treatment and tests; provide the opportunity for collection of evidence helpful in prosecution, which cannot be obtained later; assure the victim has access to confidential counseling from SIUE counselors specifically trained in the area of sexual assault crisis intervention. The victim may choose to report the offense to any of the below listed departments or any Campus Security Authority. The victim has the right to decline to notify or any involvement with law enforcement.

Alleged offenses can also be reported directly to the Equal Opportunity, Access and Title IX:

Mary Zabriskie

Director

Equal Opportunity, Access & Title IX Coordination

SIUE Campus Box 1025

Edwardsville, IL 62026

Rendleman Hall, 3316

Phone: 618-650-2333

Fax: 618-650-2270

mzabris@siue.edu

University Police Response

When a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking victim contacts the SIUE Police Department, service to the victim is of utmost priority. All officers are specially trained to handle sensitive crimes such as sexual assault investigations. In addition to apprehension of the offender, priority is given to providing medical care and counseling for the victim. Advocates are available from Counseling Services to assist the victim at any time during this process. Therefore, at the victim's request or upon consent, police will summon an advocate for the victim. For sexual assault, police will take the victim to the hospital and/or the victim may be accompanied by a relative or close friend. Trained medical personnel conduct a physical exam, with the victim's permission, using the Illinois State Police Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Kit. Police officers do not collect evidence of a personal nature from a victim's body. Follow-up medical care may be provided by University Health Services.

University Police accept reports of sexual assault from third parties and from victims who choose not to pursue criminal action. Every effort is made to protect the victim's identity.

Student Affairs Response

Student Affairs response procedures include informing students of their option to notify law enforcement authorities. Personnel encourage such notification and offer to assist. Other services provided include a referral to Counseling Services and/or Health Services. SIUE will also change a victim's academic and living situations after an alleged sex offense, if those changes are requested by the victim and are reasonably available.

Victims may file a formal complaint against another student by contacting:

- Office of Equal Opportunity, Access, and Title IX Coordination, Rendleman Hall, Room 3316, 618/650-2333.

Counseling Services Response

Counseling Services Sexual Assault Prevention Program provides individual counseling and legal and medical advocacy to students who have been sexually assaulted. Victims in need of information, emotional support, and/or counseling for issues of sexual harassment, molestation, date/acquaintance rape, and sexual assault may seek confidential help at the Counseling Services office. Counseling Services will also provide an advocate to assist a victim in reporting a sexual assault to either on-campus or local police. At the request of the victim, an advocate will accompany the victim to the police station if the report is to be made in person. Advocates are also available to accompany the victim to the hospital.

Counseling Services is located on the Edwardsville Campus in the Student Success Center, lower level, Room 0220. Office hours are Monday-Thursday, 8:00 am - 4:30 pm, Friday 8:00 am – 4:00 pm, phone 618/650-2842. In addition, a counselor from Counseling Services is available at the Alton Campus. Students may also access free 24/7 counseling services through TimelyCare, at www.timelycare.com/SIUE

Additional counseling and advocacy resources for victims are: Metro East Every Survivor Counts 618-397-0975 (24-hour hotline number); Chestnut Health Systems, 618/877-0316 (24-hour crisis hotline number that can be accessed for referrals only); and Wellspring Resources (24-hour adult crisis line 618/465-4388 or 24-hour child crisis line (800)345-9049. Additional resources can be found on the on the EOA website <https://www.siu.edu/ea/supports-resources/index.shtml>

Title IX Response

Upon receipt of a report, and throughout the investigation and appeal process, the University may implement reasonable and appropriate interim measures designed to eliminate the reported hostile environment and protect the parties involved. The University will maintain consistent contact with the parties to ensure that all reasonable safety and emotional and physical well-being concerns are being addressed and will review any measures to ensure on-going effectiveness and necessity. Measures may be imposed regardless of whether formal disciplinary action is sought by the Complainant or the University in order to ensure the preservation of the Complainant's educational or employment experience and the overall University environment.

A Complainant or Respondent may request separation or other protection, or the University may choose to impose interim measures without a request, to ensure the safety of all parties, the broader University community, and/or the integrity of the investigative and/or resolution process. The University will take immediate and responsive action to enforce a previously implemented measure and disciplinary sanctions can be imposed for failing to abide by a University-imposed measure.

On-Campus Disciplinary Action

University policy, as stated in the Student Conduct Code, specifies that acts of social misconduct should be reported to appropriate University officials or civil authorities. Criminal acts of social misconduct such as sexual assault, physical abuse, direct threat of violence, harassment, intimidation or behavior representing a danger to others, shall be reported to the University Police.

In addition to civil authorities pursuing criminal charges against the offender on behalf of the impacted party, the University may impose the following sanctions: Disciplinary reprimand/warning; assessment of restitution; restricted access; disciplinary probation; restricted course enrollment; removal of sexually explicit material; separation for a definite/indefinite period of time; permanent separation (Dismissal); University residence probation/transfer; separation from a University residence.

The accuser and the accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present during a disciplinary proceeding; and both the accuser and the accused will be informed of the outcome of the University's disciplinary proceeding that is brought alleging a sex offense, regardless of where the alleged offense occurred.

Off-Campus Disciplinary Action

SIUE's Student Conduct Code applies to student conduct both on and off campus, including conduct at events and meetings sponsored by University-recognized organizations, and in off-campus fraternity or sorority housing. The policy provides that a student organization or its officers may be held responsible for conduct by persons associated with the organization when the conduct received the tacit or overt approval or encouragement of the organization or its representatives. Conduct violating the standards established in the policy may result in University disciplinary action against the organization or individual (s) in addition to any action that may be brought by criminal or civil authorities for violation of local or state law or ordinances.

Through interagency cooperation with municipal police departments, the University seeks to be kept apprised of off-campus criminal activity involving students, student organizations, or off-campus fraternity or sorority housing so that the University may take appropriate action.

University Procedures for Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking

SIUE has incorporated policies and procedures that insure both the victim and accused receive a prompt, fair, and impartial process from the initial investigation to the final result.

All procedures relating to the investigation of a sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking are conducted by officials who, at a minimum, receive annual training on the related topic and how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability.

The accuser and the accused will have the same opportunities to have others present during any institutional disciplinary proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by an advisor of their choice. An advisor can be any individual who provides the accuser or accused support, guidance, or advice.

Response Protocol

The University will respond to all reports of sexual assault, sexual misconduct or relationship violence in a timely, effective, and consistent manner. Factors the University may consider in determining which response procedure(s) to follow include when the report is filed and how the Complainant chooses to proceed. The University's response procedures include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. All employees who are aware of sexual assault, sexual misconduct or relationship violence are required to report the information to the Title IX Coordinator or designee, unless the employee is otherwise designated as a confidential resource.
2. The Title IX Coordinator or designee will assist the Complainant in getting to a safe place. In doing so, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will coordinate with the SIUE Police as needed.
3. The Title IX Coordinator or designee will encourage the Complainant to seek prompt medical attention for treatment of injuries and preservation of evidence, discuss the reasons why prompt medical treatment is important, and arrange for transportation to the hospital if the Complainant agrees to such medical treatment.
4. The Title IX Coordinator or designee will inform the SIUE Police of the report, if the report was not initially received by the Police Department.
5. The Complainant will have the option to file a criminal report with the SIUE Police Department or appropriate jurisdiction. Declining to speak with the SIUE Police Department, or other appropriate jurisdiction, at the time of the initial report does not preclude the Complainant from filing a criminal report at a later date.
6. The Title IX Coordinator or designee will coordinate with Counseling Services if a student Complainant wishes to receive such services. Employee Complainants will be provided assistance in identifying resources.
7. The Title IX Coordinator or designee will provide to the Complainant information describing the various reporting options described in this policy and available resources. The information will be discussed at the time of the initial report and provided in writing.
8. If the Complainant wishes to pursue a report through this process, the Title IX Coordinator will meet with the Complainant to discuss the process, as well as available options, including, but not limited to, academic assistance, alternative housing, or a "no contact" order from the University.
9. If the Complainant does not wish to pursue a report through this Policy, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will close the case but will notify the Complainant they can reopen their case at any time. Please note that even if the Complainant chooses not to participate in this process or pursue the report as a criminal matter, the University is obligated to review the report and may initiate the investigative process if enough information is available.

Interim Measures and Accommodations

A. Overview

Upon receipt of a report, and throughout the investigation and appeal process, the University will implement reasonable and appropriate interim measures designed to eliminate the reported hostile environment and protect the parties involved. The University will maintain consistent contact with the parties to ensure that all reasonable safety and emotional and physical well-being concerns are being addressed and will review any measures to ensure on-going effectiveness and necessity. Measures may be imposed regardless of whether formal disciplinary action is sought by the Complainant or the University in order to ensure the preservation of the Complainant's educational or employment experience and the overall University environment.

A Complainant or Respondent may request separation or other protection, or the University may choose to impose interim measures without a request, to ensure the safety of all parties, the broader University community, and/or the integrity of the investigative and/or resolution process. The University will take immediate and responsive action to enforce a previously implemented measure and disciplinary sanctions can be imposed for failing to abide by a University-imposed measure.

B. Range of Measures

The University will implement appropriate and reasonable interim measures. Potential measures, which may be applied to the Complainant and/or the Respondent to the extent reasonably available and warranted by the circumstances, include:

1. Access to counseling services and assistance in setting up initial appointment, both on and off campus
2. Imposition of an on-campus "no-contact directive"
3. Rescheduling of exams and assignments
4. Providing alternative course completion options
5. Change in class schedule, including the ability to transfer course sections or withdraw from a course without penalty
6. Change in work schedule or job assignment
7. Change in student's University-sponsored or controlled housing
8. Limit of an individual's or organization's access to certain University facilities or activities pending resolution of the matter
9. Voluntary leave of absence

10. Providing an escort to ensure safe movement between classes and activities
11. Uphold no contact orders or orders of protection issued by other bodies.
12. Providing academic support services, such as tutoring
13. University-imposed administrative leave or separation
14. Interim suspension
15. Any other remedy which can be tailored to the involved individuals to achieve the goals of this Policy.

Investigation, Determination, and Appeals

Although a report may come in through many sources, the University is committed to ensuring that all reports are referred to the Title IX Coordinator, who will ensure consistent application of the Policy to all individuals and allow the University to respond promptly and equitably to eliminate the harassment, prevent its recurrence, and address its effects.

A. Title IX Assessment

The University will conduct an initial Title IX assessment of every complaint under this Policy. The assessment will consider the nature of the report, the safety of the individual and of the campus community, the Complainant's expressed preference for resolution, and the necessity for any interim measures or accommodations to protect the safety of the Complainant or the community. Where possible and as warranted by an assessment of the facts and circumstances, the University will seek action consistent with the Complainant's request.

As part of the initial assessment of the facts, the University will:

- assess the nature and circumstances of the allegation;
- address immediate physical safety & emotional well-being;
- notify the Complainant of the right to contact law enforcement and seek medical treatment;
- notify the Complainant of the importance of preservation of evidence;
- assess the reported conduct for the need for a timely warning under the Clery Act;
- provide the Complainant with information about on- and off-campus resources;
- notify the Complainant of the range of interim accommodations and remedies;
- provide the Complainant with an explanation of the procedural process;
- identify an adviser, advocate, and/or support person for the Complainant;
- assess for pattern evidence or other similar conduct by Respondent;
- discuss the Complainant's expressed preference for the manner of resolution and any barriers to proceeding; and
- explain the University's policy prohibiting retaliation.

Where a Complainant requests that a name or other identifiable information not be shared with the Respondent or that no formal action be taken, the University will balance this request with its dual obligations to provide a safe and non-discriminatory environment for all University community members and to afford a Respondent fundamental fairness and due process by providing notice and an opportunity to respond before action is taken against a Respondent.

In the event that a Complainant does not wish to proceed with an investigation, the Title IX Coordinator, will determine, based on the available information, including any investigative report, whether the investigation should nonetheless go forward. In making this determination, the University will consider, among other factors, whether the Complainant has requested confidentiality; whether the Complainant wants to participate in an investigation; the severity and impact of the sexual misconduct; the respective ages of the parties; whether the Complainant is a minor under the age of 18; whether the Respondent has admitted to the sexual misconduct; whether the Respondent has a pattern of committing sexual misconduct; the existence of independent evidence; and the extent of prior remedial methods taken with the Respondent. Where the University is unable to take action consistent with the request of the Complainant, the Title IX Coordinator will communicate with the Complainant about the University's chosen course of action.

Following this assessment, the University may: 1) institute measures that are consistent with the Complainant's stated preference while balancing the University's responsibility to protect the University community; or, 2) initiate an investigation to determine if a violation of the Policy has occurred. The goal of the investigation is to gather all relevant facts and determine if there is sufficient information to refer the report for disciplinary action.

The determination as to how to proceed will be communicated to the Complainant in writing by the Title IX Coordinator. A Respondent will be notified when the University seeks action that would impact a Respondent, such as protective interim measures that impact the Respondent directly or the initiation of an investigation.

B. Investigation

Where the Title IX assessment concludes that an investigation is warranted, the University will initiate an investigation. Before beginning an investigation, the Title IX Coordinator will contact the Complainant and request consent from the Complainant to proceed with an investigation. As discussed above, an investigation may still go forward without the Complainant's request.

1. When the Title IX assessment concludes that an investigation is warranted, the Title IX Coordinator will appoint an investigator and initiate an investigation according to the SIUE Title IX Policy & Title IX Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedures - 2C9 & 3C8. An investigator will be chosen by the Title IX Coordinator who has been determined to not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against the accuser or the accused.

2. In cases where the Respondent is a student and where the investigator finds that by a preponderance of the evidence the Policy was violated, the investigator will notify the Dean of Students that a violation has occurred and will make a recommendation for appropriate discipline. If the student is a graduate assistant or student worker, the appropriate supervisor and the Dean of Students will receive notification. Those who were originally notified of the complaint will receive a copy of the written report.

3. In cases where the Respondent is an employee, the investigator will notify the Respondent's supervisor and the appropriate vice chancellor that the investigation is complete, and if a preponderance of the evidence supports a determination that a violation of the Policy occurred, will make recommendations for appropriate discipline. Those who were originally notified of the complaint will receive a copy of the written report.

4. The proceeding will provide timely and equal access to the accuser, the accused and appropriate officials to any information that will be used during informal and formal disciplinary meeting and hearing.

Simultaneous notification, in writing, will be provided to both the accuser and the accused, of the result of any institutional disciplinary proceeding that arises from an allegation once the results become final. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of the crime or offense, SIUE will provide the results of the disciplinary hearing to the victim's next of kin, if so requested.

C. Appeal Process

If the Complainant or the Respondent is dissatisfied with final determinations made under this Policy, that person may file an appeal. The appeal should be filed in writing with the investigator and the Title IX Coordinator within five (5) working days of notification of the results of the investigation; either the Complainant or Respondent may notify the Title IX Coordinator of their wish to appeal. For additional information on the Appeal Process, refer to the SIUE Title IX Policy & Title IX Sexual Harassment Complaint Procedures - 2C9 & 3C8.

D. Substantial Compliance

Substantial compliance with these procedures shall be deemed full compliance if the party challenging the procedures has suffered no substantial harm caused by the actual procedure used.

Adjudication of Violations

Whether or not criminal charges are filed, the University or a person may file a complaint under the Title IX Policy or Workplace Violence Policy alleging that a student or employee violated the University Policies. Reports of all domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking made to the University Police Department will automatically be referred to the Title IX Coordinator for review and/or possible investigation regardless of whether or not the complainant chooses to pursue criminal charges.

The University investigatory process will include a prompt, fair, and impartial review and/or investigation and resolution process. Investigators and hearing board members are trained annually on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking and taught how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of the victim and promotes accountability. When a complainant does not consent to the disclosure of his or her name or other identifiable information to the alleged perpetrator, the University's ability to respond to the complainant may be limited.

The Student Conduct Code provides that:

- a) The accuser and the accused student each have the opportunity to attend a hearing before a properly trained hearing board;
- b) The accuser and the accused student each have the opportunity to be advised by a personal advisor of their choice, at their expense, at any stage of the process and to be accompanied by that advisor at any meeting or hearing. An advisor may only consult and advise his or her advisee, but not speak for the advisee at any meeting or hearing;
- c) A student conduct decision is based on the preponderance of evidence standard, i.e. "more likely than not to have occurred" standard. In other words, the conduct process asks: "is it more likely than not that the accused student violated the University's Student Conduct Code?"
- d) The accuser and the accused will be notified simultaneously in writing of the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding, as well as any changes to those result or disciplinary actions prior to the time that such results become final; and
- e) The accuser and the accused each have the right to appeal the outcome of the hearing by filing a written appeal (within 5 days of receipt of the decision); and will be notified simultaneously in writing of the final outcome after the appeal is resolved.

Education and Prevention Programs

The University engages in comprehensive educational programming to prevent domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking. Educational programming consists of primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students and new employees and ongoing awareness and prevention campaigns for students and faculty that:

- a) Identifies domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking as prohibited conduct;
- b) Defines what behavior constitutes domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking;
- c) Defines what behavior and actions constitute consent to sexual activity in the State of Illinois;
- d) Provides safe and positive options for bystander intervention that may be carried out by an individual to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against a person other than the bystander;²
- e) Provides information on risk reduction so that students and employees may recognize warning signs of abusive behavior and how to avoid potential attacks; and
- f) Provides an overview of information contained in the Annual Security Report in compliance with the Clery Act.

The University has developed an annual educational campaign consisting of presentations that include distribution of educational materials to new students; participating in and presenting information and materials during new employee orientation; participating in New Student Orientation for new students; participating in the Spring and Fall Faculty orientation program; presenting programs throughout the year on at least a quarterly basis, including sessions such as: skits, the Clothesline Projects, residence hall activities, tabling in the Morris University Center, showing The Bystander Movement, and by partnering with campus resources including University Police.

Since 2014, the University has required all students to complete sexual assault prevention training. Beginning in 2023, the mandatory sexual assault prevention training for undergrads is U Got This! and U Got This 2! for graduate students. The training covers University policies as they apply to sexual misconduct; bystander intervention; definitions of terms, including consent and retaliation; and campus and community resources available to students who experience sexual violence.

U Got This! and U Got This 2! takes members of the SIUE community about an hour to complete and provides them with the tools necessary to recognize and help themselves or others that may be the victim of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking. U Got This! and U Got This 2! accomplishes this through an interactive, web-based system. The program is designed to help the SIUE community identify potentially unsafe situations and to learn techniques to increase their own safety and the safety of other members of the university community. The program also focuses on creating awareness of how students can safely intervene on behalf of other members of the university community.

The University offered additional primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students in 2025:

- New Student Orientation
- Transfer Student Orientation
- International Student Orientation
- SIUE Resource Fair
- School of Dental Medicine New Student Orientation

The University offered the following primary prevention and awareness programs for all new employees in 2025:

- New Employee Orientation
- New Faculty Orientation

The University offered the following ongoing awareness and prevention programs for students and employees in 2025:

- Fresh Check Day
- Public Health Mock Interviews
- Metro East Every Survivor Counts Training
- Author Talk – Military Sexual Assault
- Campus Recreation Staff Training
- The Bystander Movement screenings
- Denim Day
- Art Hive – Domestic Violence Awareness/Healthy Relationships
- Domestic Violence Door Decoration Contest – Healthy Relationships
- Break the Silence
- Cover the Cruiser
- Consent Bingo
- Health Relationships Information Table
- Taking Care of You – Stress Management Information Table
- Resident Assistant Staff Training
- Desk Manager Staff Training

The University offered the following ongoing awareness and prevention programs for faculty and staff in 2025:

- Charter High School Staff Training
 - Community Directors Staff Training
 - School of Dental Medicine Staff Training
 - School of Dental Medicine Faculty Training
-

Confidentiality

The University will protect the identity of persons, who report having experienced sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking with reasonable expectations of confidentiality.

Sanctions and Protective Measures

In all cases, investigations that result in a finding of more likely than not that a violation occurred will lead to the initiation of disciplinary procedures against the accused individual. University sanctions for employees who violate the Sexual Harassment Policy, including sexual assault or sexual violence, or who have been found to have committed dating violence, domestic violence or stalking, may include but not limited to: apology to the impacted party, advice and counseling, required attendance at sexual harassment training, writing warning, letter of reprimand, removal of sexually explicit material, required attendance at substance abuse training, if substance abuse was involved, loss of travel dollars, loss of choice assignments, change of job or class assignment, suspension, probation, termination, and loss of access to the University.

University sanctions for a student may include the following but not limited to: apology to the impacted party, written warning, removal of sexually explicit material, letter of reprimand, prohibiting students from holding office or participating in activities such as sports events for a specified time, transferring the student to another class or job, disbanding or suspending a social organization or other student group involved in sexual harassment, transferring students to different housing or prohibiting them from living in institutional housing facilities, requiring attendance in substance abuse training, if substance abuse was involved, requiring relevant community service, requiring perpetrators to attend workshops on peer harassment, loss of student worker position or graduate assistantship, suspension, probation, dismissal or expulsion. The University may implement protective measures following the report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and/or stalking which may include some or all of the following actions: removal from University, class changes, work place changes, sanctions, education, criminal charges, counseling, and housing changes. Sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are criminal acts which also may subject the perpetrator to criminal and civil penalties under Federal and/or State law.

If interim interventions and/or protective measures are requested or deemed appropriate, relevant departments (i.e. Housing, University Police Department, Dean of Students) will take steps to implement those protective measures as soon as possible. Examples of interim protective measures include, but are not limited to: an order of no contact, residence hall relocation, adjustment of course schedules, a leave of absence, or reassignment to a different supervisor or position. These remedies may be applied to one, both, or multiple parties involved. Violations of directives and/or protective measures will constitute related violations that may lead to additional disciplinary action. Protective measures imposed may be temporary pending the results of an investigation or may become permanent as determined by SIUE.

Bystander Intervention

The University encourages all members of the University community to take reasonable and prudent steps to prevent or stop incidents of sexual misconduct, dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking. Taking action may include direct intervention when safe to do so, enlisting the help of friends, contacting the SIUE Police Department or other local law enforcement, or seeking assistance from a person in authority. Community members who choose to exercise this positive, moral obligation will be supported by the University and protected from retaliation.

Options for bystanders include but are not limited to:

- Before it even happens, listen up for rape jokes and myths, and sexist language. You don't have to laugh or participate.
- If you witness something happening, step in. Create a diversion. Even if you don't know the person who looks in trouble, you can still help. Get him or her to a safe place. Remember, it's your campus.
- You can be a bystander even after an incident. Learn what options are available to those impacted by sexual violence on campus and be supportive of their choices.

Risk Reduction:

Preventing Victimization

SIUE provides education on strategies to lessen the chances of experiencing sexual violence. SIUE teaches making the campus a safe environment is a shared responsibility of all students and employees.

Strategies to prevent victimization

- Understand and respect your partner's boundaries.
- Those who use sexually callous language are more likely to perpetrate sexual assault. Speak up when you hear others talk this way.
- Know your own sexual boundaries.
- Learn more about how men and women communicate differently.
- Make sure you have consent. Consent is a clear and freely given yes, not the absence of a no. People who are incapacitated by alcohol or drugs cannot give consent.

Strategies to protect yourself

- Practice being assertive about your boundaries.
- If saying NO or STOP is too hard, consider creating a diversion so you can leave.
- Enroll in a self-defense program.
- Set your drinking limits before you start drinking.
- Get your own drinks; don't let someone continually fill your cup or leave your drink unattended.

Signs of an abusive relationship:

- Calls you names, insults you, or continually criticizes you
- Does not trust you and acts possessive or jealous

- Tries to isolate you from family or friends
- Monitors where you go, who you call, and who you spent time with
- Controls finances or refuses to share money
- Punishes you by withholding affection
- Expects you to ask permission
- Threatens to hurt you, your family, your pets, or belongings
- Threatens and/or uses a weapon against you
- Has ever forced, coerced, or manipulated you into having sex or performing sexual acts
- Accuses you of cheating or is often jealous of your relationships with others of the opposite gender
- Trapped you in your apartment or room and kept you from leaving
 - IM, text messages, and calls you obsessively to find out where you are and what you are doing

Remember, sexual assault, dating violence and stalking are never the fault of the person who experienced the harm; they are the choice of the perpetrator.

CLERY ACT REPORTING CRIME DEFINITIONS

The Clery Act requires institutions to disclose four general categories of crime statistics:

1. **Reported Offenses consisting of:** Criminal Homicide, including Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter; and Negligent Manslaughter; Sex Offenses including forcible and non-forcible; Robbery; Aggravated Assault; Burglary; Motor Vehicle Theft; Arson.
2. **Hate Crimes:** Disclose whether any of the above-mentioned offenses, or any other crimes involving bodily injury, were hate crimes. In addition to the above offenses, the Act now requires reporting of hate crimes on the following offenses: Larceny/Theft, Simple Assault, Intimidation, and Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property (Except Arson).
3. **Domestic:** Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking Incidents.
4. **Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action for:** Illegal Weapons Possession/Use, Violations of Drug Laws, and Violations of Liquor Laws.

Unfounded: Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may unfound a crime report based on the results of a full investigation and evidence and have made formal determination that the crime report is false or baseless and therefore “unfounded”. Unfounded reports are rare.

Hazing: Any intentional, knowing, or reckless act against a person regardless of their willingness to participate committed during initiation, affiliation, or membership maintenance in a student organization.

Criminal Homicide--Manslaughter by Negligence

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Criminal Homicide--Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Sexual Assault (Sex Offenses): Any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Rape: The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This offense includes the rape of both males and females.

Fondling: The touching of the private parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest: Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Robbery

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

Burglary

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned--including joyriding.)

Arson

Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

The following definitions pertain ONLY to the additional requirement for Hate Crime reporting:

Source-2016 UCR Hate Crimes Data Collection Guidelines and Training Manual.

Larceny/Theft: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. (Note: Constructive possession is defined by Black's Law Dictionary, 6th ed. as "where one does not have physical custody or possession, but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a thing.")

- **Pocket-picking:** The theft of articles from another person's physical possession by stealth where the victim usually does not become immediately aware of the theft.
- **Purse-snatching:** The grabbing or snatching of a purse, handbag, etc., from the physical possession of another person.
- **Shoplifting:** The theft, by someone other than an employee of the victim, of goods or merchandise exposed for sale.
- **Theft From Building:** A theft from within a building which is either open to the general public or where the offender has legal access.
- **Theft From Coin Operated Machine or Device:** A theft from a machine or device which is operated or activated by the use of coins.

- **Theft From Motor Vehicle (Except “Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories”):** The theft of articles from a motor vehicle, whether locked or unlocked.
- **Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts or Accessories:** The theft of any part or accessory affixed to the interior or exterior of a motor vehicle in a manner which would make the item an attachment of the vehicle, or necessary for its operation.
- **All Other Larceny:** All thefts which do not fit any of the definitions of the specific subcategories of Larceny/Theft listed above.

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property (Except “Arson”): To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Domestic Violence

Domestic violence is defined as a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed

- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim.
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common.
- By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabited with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner.
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred;
- By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Dating Violence

Dating violence is defined as violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition

- Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
- Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

It should be noted that the Illinois Domestic Violence Act (720 ILCS 60-103-6) includes both domestic violence and dating violence.

Stalking

Stalking is defined as engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to

- Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
- Suffer substantial emotional distress.

Drug Abuse Violations (arrests or referrals)

Drug Abuse Violations are defined as the violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrest for violations of state and local laws specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs.

Liquor Law Violations (arrests or referrals)

Liquor Law Violations are defined as the violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.

Weapon Law Violations (arrests or referrals)

Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, Etc., is defined as the violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons. This classification encompasses weapons offenses that are regulatory in nature.

CLERY ACT REPORTING LOCATION DEFINITIONS

The *Clery Act* requires that institutions disclose statistics for criminal offenses/referrals committed in certain geographic locations associated with your institution that include:

- **On-Campus** - Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution, within the same reasonably contiguous geographical area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to paragraph (1) of this definition, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

For purposes of Clery reporting, SIUE classifies the following locations as on-campus locations.

- Southern Illinois University Edwardsville Campus (SIUE), Edwardsville, IL: This includes all buildings, outlying buildings, residential facilities, property, parking lots, and roadways on the SIUE campus. Incidents occurring in these areas are under the jurisdiction of the SIUE Police Department.

The exception being that on-campus incidents occurring at locations on University Park Drive, North Research Drive, and South Research Drive are under the jurisdiction of the Edwardsville Police Department. The Edwardsville Police Department is canvassed each year by the SIUE Police Department for information on any Clery reportable incidents they responded to at these locations.

- Southern Illinois University School of Dental Medicine Campus (SIU-SDM), Alton, IL: This includes all buildings, property, parking lots, and roadways on the SIU-SDM campus. Incidents occurring in these areas are under the jurisdiction of the SIUE Police Department. If response time is critical, the Alton Police Department will be dispatched until the SIUE officers arrive at the scene. The Alton Police Department is canvassed each year by the SIUE Police Department for information on any Clery reportable crime they responded to on the SIU-SDM Campus.

Residence Halls and other Residential Facilities (i.e. residential apartments, fraternity or sorority houses) located on-campus and that house students: These locations are considered a subset of the on-campus category. Institutions must disclose the total number of on-campus crimes, including those in residential facilities for students on campus, and must also make a separate disclosure limited to the number of crimes occurring in student residential facilities on campus. As a subset, the number of crimes reported for residential facilities must be less than or equal to the number of reported crimes for the on-campus category.

For purposes of *Clery* reporting, any reportable crime, arrest, or referral that occurs in a Residence Hall or Residential Facility are counted in the on-campus category and then broken out into the residential subset. A reportable event that occurs in a residential parking lot or on the grounds of a residential facility is only disclosed in the on-campus category and is not included in the residential facility subset. The total number of incidents/arrests/referrals will consist of the on-campus category + the non-campus category + the public property category. (The residential category is counted in the on-campus statistic.)

Residence halls and other residential facilities include the following locations:

- SIUE Campus – Edwardsville, IL: Bluff Hall, Cougar Village, Evergreen Hall, Prairie Hall and Woodland Hall.

SIUE has no student residential facilities at the SIU-SDM Campus in Alton.

- **Non-campus** - Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; **or** any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of or in relation to, the institution's educational purpose, is frequently used by students, and **is not** within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

For purposes of *Clery* reporting, SIUE classifies the numerous off-campus sites where SIUE conducts classes as non-campus locations. These off-campus course locations vary from semester to semester. Incidents occurring at these locations are under the jurisdiction of the local law enforcement agency. Each individual law enforcement agency is canvassed each year by the SIUE Police Department for information on any *Clery* reportable incidents they responded to at the SIUE off-campus course location in their jurisdiction.

- **Public Property** - All public property, which includes thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, public parking facilities, and public parks, that is immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

For purposes of *Clery* reporting, SIUE classifies the following locations as public property locations.

- SIUE Campus – Edwardsville, IL: All public property, which includes thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, public parking facilities, and public parks, that is immediately adjacent to and accessible from the SIUE campus. Incidents occurring at these locations are under the jurisdiction of the Edwardsville Police Department. The Edwardsville Police Department is canvassed each year by the SIUE Police Department for information on any *Clery* reportable incidents they responded to at these locations.
- SIU-SDM Campus – Alton, IL: All public property, which includes thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, public parking facilities, and public parks, that is immediately adjacent to and accessible from the SIU-SDM Campus. Incidents occurring at these locations are under the jurisdiction of the Alton Police Department. The Alton Police Department is canvassed each year by the SIUE Police Department for information on any *Clery* reportable incidents they responded to at these locations.

The *Clery Act* does not require the disclosure of crime statistics for public property that surrounds non-campus buildings or property.

SIUE CAMPUS – EDWARDSVILLE, IL
Statistical Annual Report: Calendar year 2025
Criminal Offenses

SIUE Campus-Criminal Offenses Reporting Table					
OFFENSE	YEAR	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION			
		ON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	*ON-CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITIES	NONCAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
RAPE	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	4	3	0	0
	2023	2	2	0	0
FONDLING	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	1	0	0	0
INCEST	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	1	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
BURGLARY	2025	2	1	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	1	1	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0
*Crimes reported in the residential facilities column are included in the on-campus category					

SIUE CAMPUS – EDWARDSVILLE, IL
Statistical Annual Report: Calendar year 20253
Domestic Violence/Dating Violence/Stalking

SIUE-VAWA Offenses Reporting Table

OFFENSE	YEAR	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION			
		ON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	*ON-CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITIES	NONCAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2025	1	1	0	1
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	2	2	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2025	4	3	0	0
	2024	3	2	0	0
	2023	5	4	0	0
STALKING	2025	2	0	0	0
	2024	2	1	0	0
	2023	3	1	0	0

*Crimes reported in the residential facilities column are included in the on-Campus category

SIUE CAMPUS – Edwardsville, IL
UNFOUNDED CRIMES

2025-Zero unfounded crimes.
2024-Zero unfounded crimes
2023-Zero unfounded crimes.

SIUE CAMPUS – Edwardsville, IL
HATE CRIMES

2025-Zero Hate Crimes Reported
2024-Zero Hate Crimes Reported
2023-Zero Hate Crimes Reported.

SIUE CAMPUS – Edwardsville, IL
HAZING CRIMES

2025-Zero Hazing Crimes Reported
2024-Zero Hazing Crimes Reported
2023-Zero Hazing Crimes Reported

SIUE CAMPUS – EDWARDSVILLE, IL
Statistical Annual Report: Calendar year 2025
Arrests and Judicial Referrals

* Crimes reported in the residential facilities column are included in the on-campus category

SIUE-Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals Reporting Table					
OFFENSE	YEAR	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION			
		ON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	*ON-CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITIES	NONCAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS:CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2025	1	0	0	0
	2024	1	0	0	0
	2023	1	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS: WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	3	3	0	0
	2023	1	1	0	0
ARRESTS: DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2025	0	0	0	2
	2024	0	0	0	1
	2023	5	4	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS: DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2025	5	3	0	0
	2024	6	6	0	0
	2023	3	3	0	0
ARREST: LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2025	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0
	2023	1	1	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS: LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2025	34	34	0	0
	2024	50	46	0	0
	2023	79	77	0	0

SIU-SDM CAMPUS – ALTON, IL
Statistical Annual Report: Calendar year 2025
Criminal Offenses

SDM-Criminal Offenses Reporting Table					
OFFENSE	YEAR	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION			
		ON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	*ON- CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING	NONCAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
RAPE	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
FONDLING	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
INCEST	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
ROBBERY	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	1	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
BURGLARY	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	1	NA	0	0
ARSON	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0

* Alton Campus has no residential facilities NA = Not Applicable

SIU-SDM CAMPUS – ALTON, IL
Statistical Annual Report: Calendar year 2025

Domestic Violence/Dating Violence/Stalking

SDM-VAWA Offenses Reporting Table

OFFENSE	YEAR	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION			
		ON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	*ON-CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITIES	NONCAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2025	0	NA	1	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
DATING VIOLENCE	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	1	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
STALKING	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0

* Alton Campus has no residential facilities
NA = Not Applicable

SIU-SDM CAMPUS – ALTON, IL
UNFOUNDED CRIMES

2025: Zero unfounded crimes.
2024: Zero unfounded crimes.
2023: Zero unfounded crimes.

SIU-SDM CAMPUS – ALTON, IL
HATE CRIMES

2025: Zero hate crimes reported
2024: Zero hate crimes reported
2023: Zero hate crimes reported

SIU-SDM CAMPUS—ALTON, IL
HAZING CRIMES

2025: Zero Hazing crimes reported
2024: Zero Hazing crimes reported
2023: Zero Hazing crimes reported

Arrests and Judicial Referrals

SDM-Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals Reporting Table

OFFENSE	YEAR	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION			
		ON-CAMPUS PROPERT	*ON-CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITIES	NONCAMP US PROPERT	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS: WEAPONS:CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	1	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS: WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
ARRESTS: DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS: DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
ARREST: LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS: LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2025	0	NA	0	0
	2024	0	NA	0	0
	2023	0	NA	0	0

* Alton Campus has no residential facilities NA = Not Applicable

**SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY EDWARDSVILLE
HIGHER EDUCATION OPPORTUNITY ACT (HEOA)
2026 CAMPUS FIRE SAFETY ANNUAL COMPLIANCE REPORT**

INTRODUCTION

The Higher Education Opportunity Act (HEOA) became public law 110-315 in August 2008 requiring all institutions of higher education that provide residential housing facilities for students to develop an annual fire safety report. Contents of the report reflect the provisions outlined in the campus fire safety program and include: fire prevention policies and practices, fire safety educational and training initiatives, description of fire protection equipment in the residence halls, emergency evacuation procedures, fire safety statistics, and proposed plans for future improvements to the university housing campus fire safety program. The annual fire safety report summarizes the elements of the campus fire safety program which is administered and maintained by University Housing and Emergency Management and Safety.

This public disclosure is intended to inform current and prospective students and employees of the fire safety programs and policies in place at Southern Illinois University Edwardsville (SIUE), and the institution state of readiness to detect and respond appropriately to fire related emergencies. This report can be viewed online at <https://www.siu.edu/police/pdf/AnnualSecurityReport2026.pdf>

. Hard copies of the report may be obtained upon (a 24- hour) request to: Office of the Vice Chancellor for Finance and Administration, Rendleman Hall, Room 2228, Campus Box 1158, Edwardsville IL 62026-1158 (Phone: 618/650-2536).

PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

It is the protocol of SIUE, through observation and review of incidents, to establish practices promoting safe conditions for faculty, staff, students and visitors free from foreseeable fire hazards. The primary objective of the campus fire safety program is to recognize hazardous conditions and the appropriate actions before such conditions result in a fire emergency.

This goal is accomplished by:

- Providing training at the beginning of the school year for all Resident Assistants.
- Conducting periodic review and update of fire prevention policies.
- Conducting regularly scheduled fire drills in university housing facilities to test response procedures and readiness of staff and occupants.
- Promoting fire safety awareness for employees and students by conducting regularly scheduled training programs on fire prevention and emergency evacuation procedures.

- Inspecting, testing, and maintaining fire protective systems in accordance with National Fire Prevention Association (NFPA) standards.
- Performing plan reviews and code consultation of capital improvement and remodeling projects.
- Mitigating fire hazards in response to regularly scheduled fire safety inspections performed by the Office of the State Fire Marshall (OSFM), the University's property insurance loss control consultant, and fire protection professionals.

FIRE PREVENTION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Fire prevention policies and procedures have been developed and implemented in an effort to help accomplish the program objectives. A summary of these policies is highlighted below:

Appliances and Cooking

Bluff, Prairie, and Woodland Halls:

Cooking in student rooms is extremely dangerous and is not permitted. Residents who violate this policy are subject to charges and disciplinary action. Food should be prepared in the kitchenette in each wing and facility should be cleaned immediately following preparation. Please use the microwave and sink for food preparations only. If food is stored in your room, it should be kept in sealed containers.

Microwaves and any appliances with exposed heating elements are not allowed in Bluff, Prairie, and Woodland Halls. The only exception is a coffee pot. Refrigerators are limited to those 5.0 cu. ft. or less. No other large appliances are allowed.

Cougar Village and Evergreen Hall:

Residents must practice caution when cooking. Any item on the stove or in the oven should be monitored at all times. Due to potential fire hazard, aluminum foil should not be used to cover stove drip pans or the bottom of ovens.

Cooking in Evergreen Hall should take place in the designated kitchen area of each unit. Do not use cooking appliances of any kind in the bedrooms. Those residents in suites and other interested residents have access to cooking facilities in community kitchens located throughout the building.

The use of additional freezers, full size refrigerators, washers, dryers, dishwashers, or stoves is not permitted.

Barbecue Grills:

Barbecue grills can become a cause for fire/smoke damage and therefore the following policies have been set regarding their use:

- No gas grills are permitted in university housing.
- No barbecue grills are permitted inside any housing facilities.
- No barbecue grills may be stored or used on the balconies of Cougar Village.
- Barbecue grills may be used 15 feet from the buildings.
- At Cougar Village, grills may be stored next to the buildings when they are cool; however, they should not be stored between the air conditioning units and the buildings.
- Personal grills should not be secured to buildings or any part of the air conditioning systems.
- Coals should be disposed of in trash dumpsters when cool enough. They should not be dumped on grass or dirt areas.

Candles/Open Flames:

Open flames such as those from candles and incense are extremely dangerous and not permitted in any University Housing living units. Candles are allowed for decorating purposes as long as the wick has been removed. Burnt candles and candles with wicks intact will be confiscated by Housing staff.

Holiday Decorating Safety Regulations:

Only artificial Christmas trees shall be permitted in living units. No lights may be used on aluminum trees since vibrations cut through the wiring insulation and cause the tree to become completely electrified.

No lights are permitted around the outside of doors, windows, or balconies/patios, as the power line passing through the door or window frame to an outlet could short the power.

All decorations used on the inside of University Housing building must be flameproof or made from material that is flame retardant.

“Christmas Snow” or any decorations such as this may not be used on University property. This includes windows, doors, walls, brick, and siding. This type of decoration has a tendency to be hard to remove and does not come off completely, leaving a stain.

Electrical Appliances:

A reasonable number of electrical appliances may be used if they are electrically safe and do not have exposed wires or heating elements. The wiring in Bluff, Prairie, and Woodland Halls is not able to handle high-wattage appliances such as hot plates, broilers, skillets, woks, air conditioners, toaster ovens and the like. The only exception is a coffee pot. Cooking in Bluff and Prairie and Woodland Hall rooms, and bedrooms of Evergreen Hall, is not permitted. Halogen lamps are not permitted in any University Housing living unit. If an extension cord is used it should only have one appliance attached to it. Cords should not be used for refrigerators or appliances over 100 watts. No electric cords are allowed through doorways or windows.

Overloading Outlets:

All living units are wired to provide ample outlets in each room. Overloading outlets with multiple plug connectors or extension cords is very dangerous. If this happens, circuits may become overloaded, cause the wires to melt, and possibly start a fire. Cougar Village and Evergreen Hall kitchens and bathrooms, and Bluff, Prairie, and Woodland Hall bathrooms have ground fault circuit interrupter outlets. These devices are designed to protect against hazardous electrical shocks that can happen when one touches an appliance or cord that is “live” through a faulty mechanism, or damp worn insulation. The circuit interrupt cuts the electricity to that outlet to protect against serious electrical injury.

Fire Safety Equipment:

Tampering with fire equipment is a violation of the SIUE Student Code of Conduct as well as state and federal law. People found guilty of tampering with fire equipment (alarms, hoses, extinguishers, smoke detectors, sprinklers, door closures, emergency exits, fire alarm pull stations, etc.) for other than actual emergency situation or intentionally setting false fire alarms face a jail sentence, fines up to \$10,000, and expulsion from the University.

Burning any substance or setting fires in housing facilities, including fliers or other posted material, will result in criminal prosecution. Housing staff will enter your living unit during safety inspections and some breaks to check door closures and smoke detectors for proper working order. Should these items be found missing, inoperative, or dismantled in any way, they will be repaired immediately and charges will be assessed to the residents of the appropriate living unit. If the smoke detector is not working or fire extinguisher needs to be recharged, residents should report it to University Housing Facilities Management.

Firearms, Weapons, and Combustibles:

Firearms, ammunition, BB guns, stun guns, air guns, pellet guns, paint guns, firecrackers, bows and arrows, knives more than 3” long, martial arts weapons, and gasoline (or other combustible items) are not permitted in University Housing. State law requires that students, faculty, and staff must be granted written permission from the chief security officer on campus before bringing firearms, weapons, and ammunition to University properties. Any firearms, weapons, and/or ammunition must be stored with the SIUE Police Department on campus. The SIUE Police Department provides twenty-four hour accessibility.

Halogen Lamps:

Due to fire safety hazards, halogen lamps (including desk lamps and free standing lamps) are not allowed in University Housing living units.

Items Left Outside of Storage Closets and in Hallways/Breezeways:

Bicycles and other personal property left outside or improperly stored in the storage closets on the Cougar Village 500 side, in any hallway, breezeway or stairwell will be removed without notice and held for two weeks by University Housing Facilities Management. These items present a fire hazard in the storage areas due to electrical equipment housed there and the safety hazard in hallways, breezeways, and stairwells. If items are reclaimed a \$25 charge will be issued at the time of reclamation. Abandoned property will be donated to charity.

Occupancy Limits

These limits have been defined for safety of residents. Exceeding the capacity may result in structural damage to floors, ceilings, and balconies. The cost of repairs will be the responsibility of the resident.

Bluff, Prairie, and Woodland Halls - a maximum of 9 persons may occupy a room at any time.

Evergreen Hall - A maximum of 4 times the number of residents who live in the unit may occupy the unit at any time.

Cougar Village – A maximum of 20 persons may occupy a first floor apartment, a maximum of 11 persons may occupy a second floor apartment, and a maximum of 5 persons may occupy a balcony.

Safety Inspections

A safety inspection is conducted in every living unit each term. The purpose of this inspection is to check for conditions relative to standards required by the University for the safety of the residents. Residents are expected to follow the procedures listed below in order to ensure that their living units pass the safety inspection. Violations of University Housing guidelines will be noted.

Residents will receive advance notice from their Community Director informing them of the date when the safety inspection will take place, as well as preparation guidelines for the inspection.

In Cougar Village, a cleaning inspection will be performed by the Resident Assistants prior to the safety inspection in order to aid residents in correcting possible safety deficiencies.

NOTE: This inspection is not the safety inspection – only a preliminary check by your Resident Assistant.

Cleaning and safety inspections for the residence halls are held at the same time. If you have questions regarding this procedure you may contact Resident Assistant.

Smoking

As of July 1, 2015, smoking is prohibited on all Southern Illinois University Edwardsville campus property. This prohibition does not apply to any instance in which an individual is traveling through or parked on a campus in a vehicle that is not owned, leased or operated by a State-supported institution of higher education.

Included in this police is: the carrying, smoking, burning, inhaling, or exhaling of any kind of lighted pipe, cigar, cigarette, hookah, weed, herbs, or other lighted smoking equipment. "Smoke" or "smoking" also includes products containing or delivering nicotine intended or expected for human consumption, (including but not limited to, electronic cigarettes, chewing tobacco and snuff) or any part of such a product. <https://www.siu.edu/policies/6a2.shtml>

FIRE SAFETY EDUCATION AND TRAINING INITIATIVES

University Housing staff, including professional staff, residence hall assistants and front desk staffs receive fire safety training prior to the start of every fall semester. Topics include a review of the fire prevention policies and weather safety, followed by emergency evacuation policies and procedures.

In addition, per NFPA, emergency evacuation maps are displayed throughout the buildings to direct occupants to primary and secondary exits. One fire drill per residence hall is conducted each fall in coordination with University Housing, Edwardsville Fire Department, Emergency Management and Safety and University Police. Participation in fire drills is mandatory and failure to evacuate the building during a fire alarm will result in disciplinary action.

Fire and Electrical Safety Guide are posted on the University Housing website at https://www.siu.edu/housing/pdf/Fire_Electrical_Safety_Guide.pdf

OVERVIEW OF FIRE PROTECTIVE FEATURES IN UNIVERSITY HOUSING

All residence halls are equipped with fire alarms and sprinklers. In the event of a general building fire alarm in a residence hall, a full building alarm will sound, a signal will be sent to Southern Illinois University Police Department via network connection and telephone line backup, and the fire alarm panel located by the front desk will indicate where an alarm has been activated. In addition to the network signal, the front desk manager is responsible for contacting University Police to inform them of the situation.

At Prairie, Bluff, Woodland and Evergreen Halls, the fire alarm panel also monitors the single station (individual) room smoke detectors. In the event of an alarm from one of these detectors, the fire panel at the front desk will blink with a red light indicating a smoke alarm has been tripped. No general building fire alarm will sound in the building.

In Evergreen Hall, the entire building will go into full building alarm if more than one smoke head in a unit is triggered or a public space head is triggered.

In Cougar Village buildings, the complex is monitored by a supervised fire alarm system located in the University Police Department with remote enunciator panels located in each apartment building. Smoke detectors in Cougar Village apartments have a light that will illuminate when the signal is in alarm. When the alarm is activated, an audible sound will occur in the hallway, breezeway, and/or living unit.

Fire extinguishers are located in each Cougar Village apartment, in building hallways, and in the Bluff, Prairie, Woodland, and Evergreen Hall hallways.

The smoke detectors in Prairie, Bluff, Woodland and Evergreen Halls the light blinks and it is green to indicate that it is working properly.

University Housing Facilities Management works to ensure that all fire protection equipment in University Housing is tested, inspected, and maintained in accordance with applicable NFPA standards.

Fire Safety Systems in Residential Facilities

Residential Facilities	Fire Alarm Monitoring Done On-Site (by SIUEPD)	Partial Sprinkler Systems	Full Sprinkler System	Smoke Detection	Fire Extinguisher Devices	Evacuation Plans & Placards	Number of Evacuation (Fire) Drills Each Calendar Year
Woodland Hall							
1 Residence Dr.	X		X	X	X	X	1
Prairie Hall							
2 Prairie Dr.	X		X	X	X	X	1
Bluff Hall							
60 Circle Dr.	X		X	X	X	X	1
Evergreen Hall							
74 Circle Dr.	X		X	X	X	X	1
Cougar Village Apartments							
401 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
402 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
403 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
404 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
405 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
406 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
407 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
408 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
409 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
410 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
411 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
412 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
413 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
414 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
415 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
416 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
417 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
418 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
419 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
420 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
421 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
422 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
423 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
424 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
425 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
426 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
427 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
428 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
429 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
430 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
431 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
501 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
502 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
503 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
504 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
505 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
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506 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
507 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
508 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
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511 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
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513 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
514 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
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516 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
517 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
518 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
519 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
520 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
521 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
522 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
523 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
524 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
525 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
526 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
527 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
528 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
529 Cougar Lake Dr	X		X	X	X	X	
530 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	
531 Cougar Lake Dr	X			X	X	X	

IF A FIRE OCCURS IN UNIVERSITY HOUSING

The fire alarm response procedure is initiated by University Housing staff with support from first responders (i.e. SIUE Police and the Edwardsville Fire Department).

Students are instructed to do the following:

Cougar Village

Call University Police at 911 and immediately notify the Cougar Village Commons desk (x2900).

In the event of FIRE, Cougar Village residents should proceed in the following manner:

1. When the alarm is given, all residents, except fire crews and others with specific assignments must leave the building immediately. Try the nearest exit. If the door or door handle is extremely hot, do not open; remain in your living unit keeping doors tightly closed and go to the balcony or window to await rescue by the fire department.

2. Do NOT put water on a grease fire! Try covering it with a lid to smother.

Bluff, Prairie, Woodland and Evergreen Halls

Call University Police at 911 and immediately notify the Front Desk.

In the event of a FIRE, residence hall students should proceed in the following manner:

1. When the alarm is given, all residents, except fire crews and others with specific assignments, must leave the building immediately. Every alarm must be treated as an emergency.
2. Evacuate using the stairwells closest to the wing you are in. If the door is hot, return to your room and close the door. Wait by the nearest window for rescue from the fire department.
3. Persons leaving the building for evacuation purposes should take an I.D., jacket and shoes with them. They should not try to take any other personal items.
4. All persons evacuating the building should meet at the activity wings as follows: Prairie Hall should proceed to Woodland Hall; Woodland Hall should proceed to Prairie Hall, Bluff Hall should proceed to Evergreen Hall, and Evergreen Hall should proceed to Bluff Hall.
5. The circle drives in front of the residence halls are non-parking areas designated for EMERGENCY VEHICLES ONLY. The fire department may use force to remove unattended vehicles blocking the way of the emergency vehicles.
6. When fire and police officials arrive on the scene, they are automatically in charge of the situation. They will give the "ALL CLEAR" when the buildings are safe to be entered.

Other departments including University Housing Facilities Management, University Physical Plant, and University Risk Management may also provide support in the investigative, restoration, and clean-up efforts. Fire alarm systems notify building occupants of a potential fire, thus initiating a building evacuation sequence. As conveyed during fire drills and in the University Housing Living Guide, building occupants are directed to the nearest building exit upon activation of the fire alarm system. Use of elevators is strictly prohibited and is controlled by the fire department to assist in firefighting and rescue efforts. Building occupants cannot re-enter the building until either University Police or the fire department indicates that it is safe to do so. After every fire alarm activation, the Community Director on duty is responsible for proper re-entry into the building.

A policy to maintain an active list of the occupants who may be permanently or temporarily disabled is kept on file in each building and also at University Police. The fire department will have access to this list when responding to a fire alarm activation so that they can better prepare and strategize the potential rescue of physically disabled occupants.

Emergency evacuation procedures for students and employees inhabiting other campus buildings can be found at the Emergency Management and Safety website and on SIUE's emergency guides. The emergency guides are posted in classrooms across campus.

FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS IN UNIVERSITY HOUSING SAFETY PROGRAM

SIUE has adopted the National Incident Management System (NIMS) for all its emergency and non-emergency events, and has completed NIMS compliance. The adoption of NIMS improves the university's response to emergencies and hazards, especially fires.

CONTACT INFORMATION

EMERGENCY AT ANY CAMPUS LOCATION....911

General Numbers

University Housing Facilities Management	618/650-2070
Director of University Housing	618/650-0546
Office of Emergency Management	618/650-3584
SIUE Police – Non-emergency	618/650-3324

Students and employees should report a fire to the Police Dispatcher at University Police.

For fires that have already been extinguished in an on- campus student housing facility, please contact the SIUE Police Department at 618-650-3324 to ensure that a proper investigation is conducted and to ensure that accurate statistics are included in the University's Annual Security and Fire Report.

FIRE LOG

The University must maintain a written fire log that records, by the date reported, any fire that occurs in an on-campus student housing facility. This log includes the nature, date, time, and general locations of each fire. The fire log is available at the SIUE Police Department for viewing during normal business hours.

FIRE SAFETY STATISTICS

The data presented in the following table summarizes the reported fires that occurred in housing facilities from January through December for the past three years. Please note that the housing facilities presented in the following tables are only University owned property and part of Southern Illinois University Edwardsville. Off campus housing, including rooming houses, private residence halls, and off campus fraternities and sororities are not owned and operated by Southern Illinois University Edwardsville and, therefore, fire statistics for off campus housing is not included in this report.

Summary of 2025 Fire Safety Statistics

Statistics and Related Information Regarding Fires in Residential Facilities for 2016						
Residential Facilities	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire Number	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries That Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire ¹
Woodland Hall						
1 Residence Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Prairie Hall						
2 Prairie Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bluff Hall						
60 Circle Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Evergreen Hall						
74 Circle Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cougar Village Apartments						
401 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
402 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
403 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
404 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
405 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
406 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
407 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
408 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
409 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
410 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
411 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
412 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
413 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
414 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
415 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
416 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
417 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
418 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
419 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
420 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
421 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
422 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
423 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
424 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
425 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
426 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
427 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
428 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
429 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
430 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
431 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
501 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
502 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
503 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
504 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
505 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
506 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
507 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
508 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
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510 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

511 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
512 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
513 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
514 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
515 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
516 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
517 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
518 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
519 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
520 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
521 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
522 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
523 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
524 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
525 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
526 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
527 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
528 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
529 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
530 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
531 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹ Values are in dollars

Summary of 2024 Fire Safety Statistics

Statistics and Related Information Regarding Fires in Residential Facilities for 2015						
Residential Facilities	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire Number	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries That Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire ¹
Woodland Hall						
1 Residence Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Prairie Hall						
2 Prairie Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bluff Hall						
60 Circle Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Evergreen Hall						
74 Circle Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cougar Village Apartments						
401 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
402 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
403 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
404 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
405 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
406 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
407 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
408 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
409 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
410 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
411 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
412 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
413 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
414 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
415 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
416 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
417 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
418 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
419 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
420 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
421 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
422 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
423 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
424 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
425 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
426 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
427 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
428 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
429 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
430 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
431 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
501 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
502 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
503 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
504 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
505 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
506 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
507 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
508 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
509 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
510 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

511 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
512 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
513 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
514 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
515 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
516 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
517 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
518 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
519 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
520 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
521 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
522 Cougar Lake Dr	1	1	Cooking greese fire	0	0	\$0.00
523 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
524 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
525 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
526 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
527 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
528 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
529 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
530 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
531 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹ Values are in dollars

Summary of 2023 Fire Safety Statistics

Statistics and Related Information Regarding Fires in Residential Facilities for 2014						
Residential Facilities	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire Number	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries That Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire ¹
Woodland Hall						
1 Residence Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Prairie Hall						
2 Prairie Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bluff Hall						
60 Circle Dr.	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Evergreen Hall						
74 Circle Dr.	1	1	Mechanical Motor Fire	0	0	\$0.00
Cougar Village Apartments						
401 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
402 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
403 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
404 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
405 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
406 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
407 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
408 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
409 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
410 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
411 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
412 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
413 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
414 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
415 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
416 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
417 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
418 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
419 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
420 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
421 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
422 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
423 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
424 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
425 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
426 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
427 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
428 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
429 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
430 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
431 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
501 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
502 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
503 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
504 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
505 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
506 Cougar Lake Dr	1	1	Cooking Related	0	0	\$0.00
507 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
508 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
509 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
510 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

511 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
512 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
513 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
514 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
515 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
516 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
517 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
518 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
519 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
520 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
521 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
522 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
523 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
524 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
525 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
526 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
527 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
528 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
529 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
530 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
531 Cougar Lake Dr	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹ Values are in dollars

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY EDWARDSVILLE

APPENDIX A

Campus SaVE Act	Campus Sexual Violence Elimination Act
CCNE	Commission on Collegiate Nursing Education
DaV	Dating Violence
DFSCA	Drug Free Schools and Communities Act
DOE	U.S. Department of Education
DoV	Domestic Violence
HEOA	Higher Education Opportunity Act
IBHE	Illinois Board of Higher Education
ILCS	Illinois Compiled Statutes
ILEAS	Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System
LBGT	Lesbian, Bisexual, Gay, Transgender
MARCOM.....	Marketing and Communications
NFPA	National Fire Prevention Association
NIBRS	National Based Incident Reporting System
NIMS	National Incident Management System
PD.....	Police Department
PSAP	Public Service Answering Point
OEM.....	Office of Emergency Management
RAD	Rape Aggression Defense System
RH	Rendleman Hall
S	Stalking
SA	Sexual Assault
SANE	Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner
SIU	Southern Illinois University
SIUE	Southern Illinois University Edwardsville in Edwardsville, IL
SIU-SDM	Southern Illinois University School of Medicine in Alton, IL
SIU-SOM	Southern Illinois University School of Medicine
SSC	Student Success Center
UCR	Uniform Crime Reporting
WENS	Wireless Emergency Notification System