SIUE Green Roof Environmental Evaluation Network

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Midwest Regional Green Infrastructure Symposium

September 23, 2019



Outline

- Overview of G.R.E.E.N.
- Green Wall Maintenance
- Thermal Economic Analyses





Overview of G.R.E.E.N.



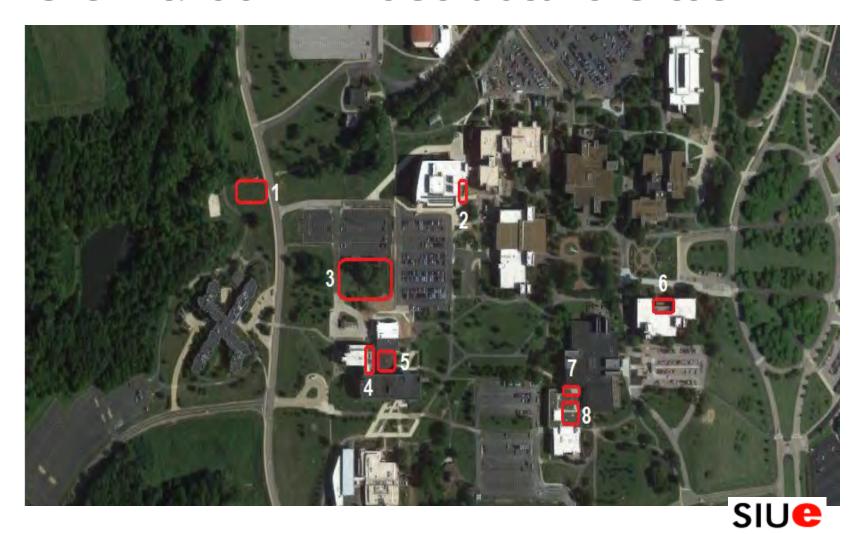
Timeline







SIUE Green Infrastructure Sites



Engineering Building





Ground-level Field Site







Student Success Center



Types of Research













Research Results



Research

Research Sites

Current Research

Immersive Sustainable Education

GREEN's efforts have resulted in a significant body of work evaluating living architecture systems in areas such as volume and quality of stormwater runoff, plant performance, maintenance, biodiversity, thermal characteristics, weight loads, wind uplift and new green roof technologies.

Citations of Research

Biodiversity

Maintenance

Plant Performance

Stormwater Quantity & Quality

Thermal Performance

Other

SIUE has a variety of research sites and green infrastructure on the main campus, many of which are shown on the following overview map. Research sites include the original research green roof on the Engineering Building laboratory wing, a ground-level field site, and the 16,000-square-foot Student Success Center green roof.





Green Wall Maintenance



Green Retaining Walls



- Living wall that stabilizes a slope.
- Designed to:
 - Prevent erosion
 - Increase stormwater interception, infiltration.
 - Reduce Urban Temperatures
 - Beautify vertical space

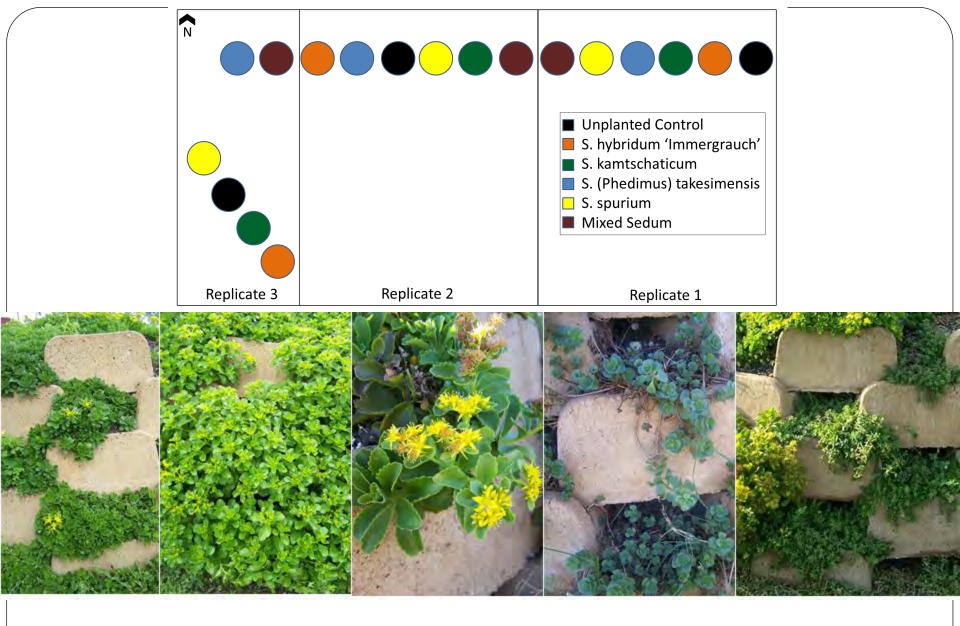












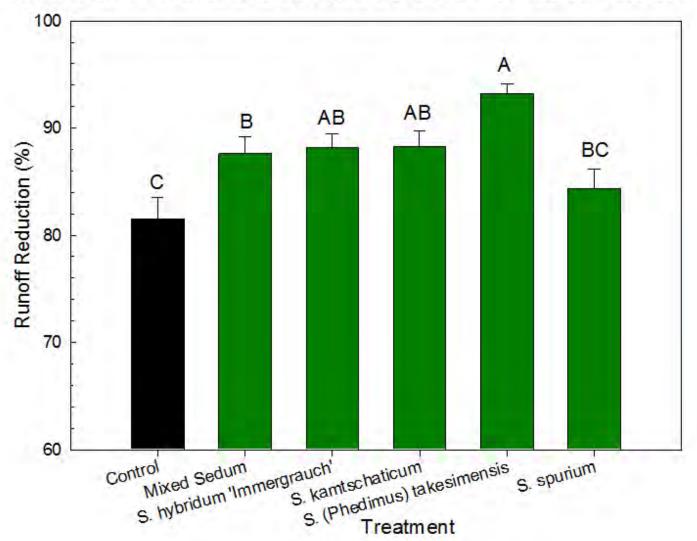


Stormwater Collection



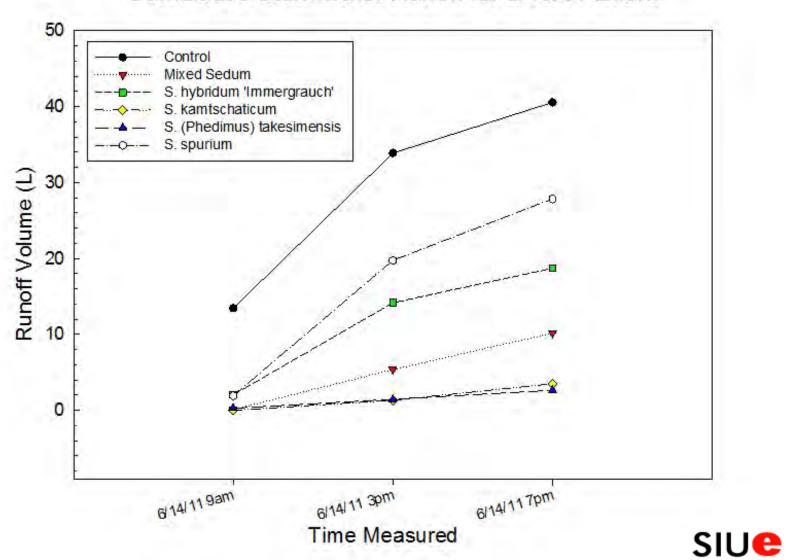


Stormwater Runoff Reduction August-October 2010 & March-June 2011





Cumulative Stormwater Runoff for 6/13/11 Event





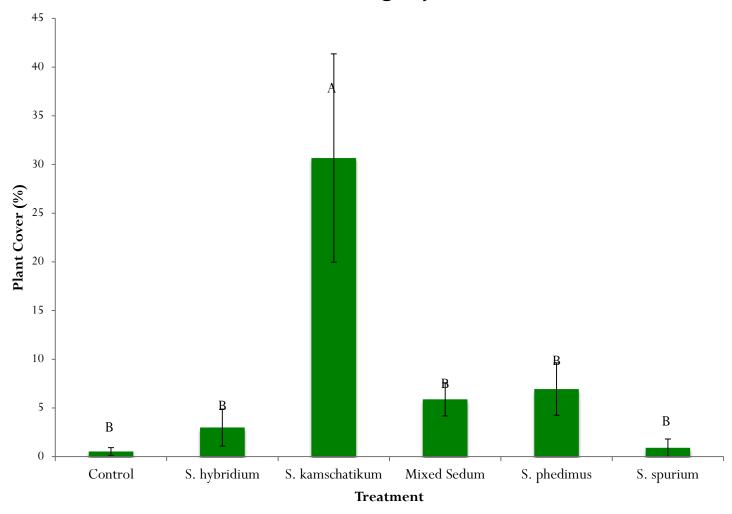






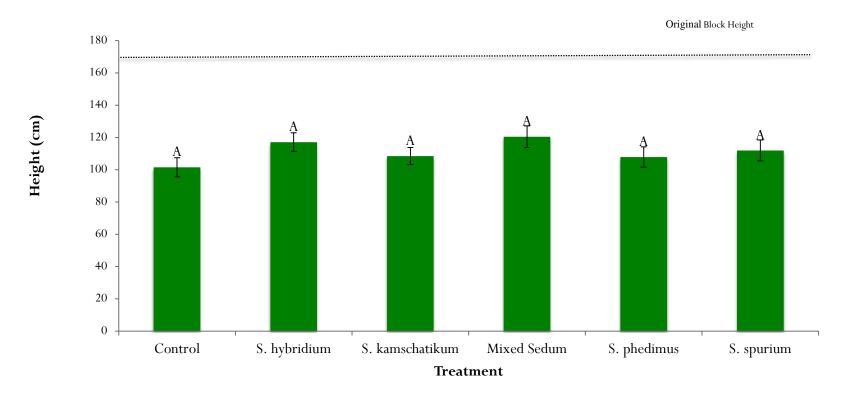


Mean Plant Coverage by Treatment



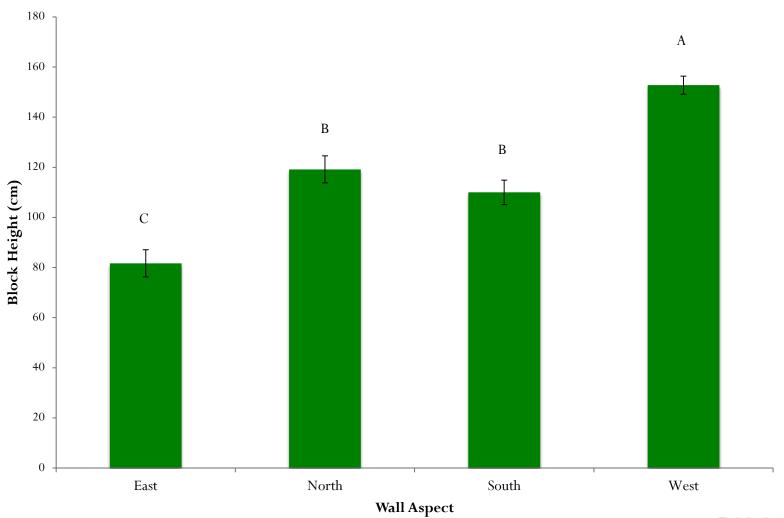


Mean Block Height by Treatment





Mean Block Height by Aspect

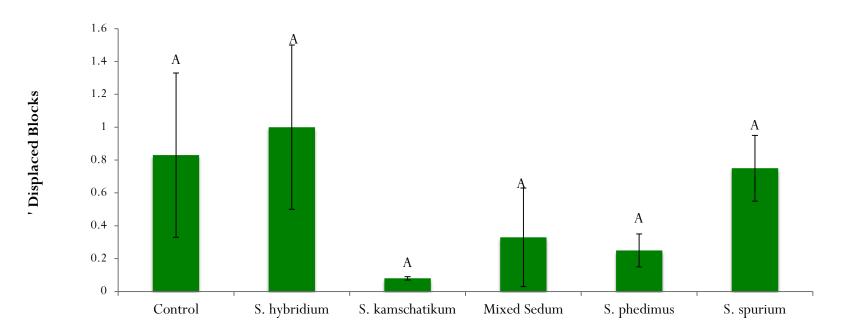






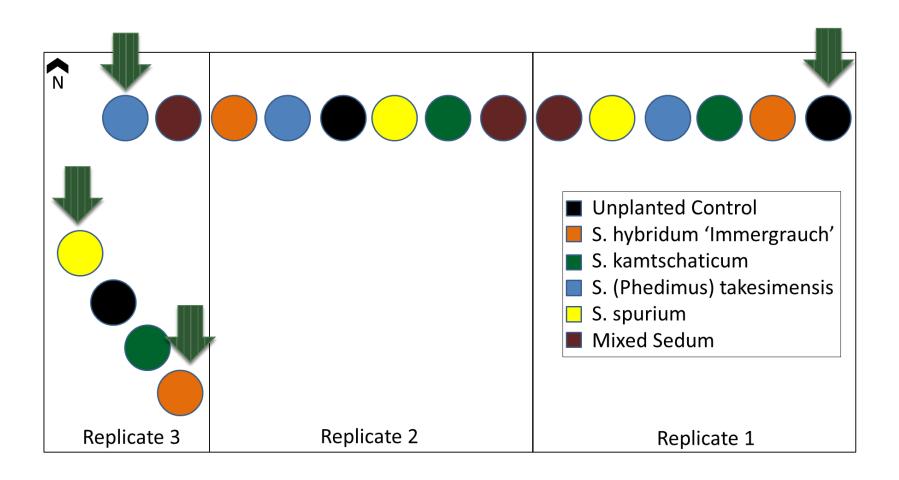


Mean Number of Displaced Blocks by Treatment



Treatment







Long-Term Performance/Maintenance

- There has been some, limited block settling
- 38 of 990 blocks have been displaced (~4%)
- 5 of 990 blocks have been dislocated (<1%)
- Many of the original plants are still SIUC covering the wall system







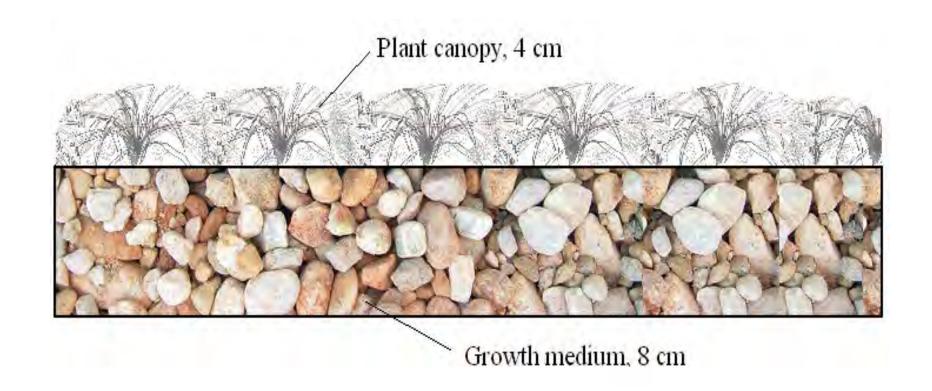




Thermal Economic Analyses



Thermal and Economic Analyses



Coupled green roof model



Theory

$$q_{radiation} = \alpha A(G_{ND} + G_d + G_R) - \varepsilon \sigma A(T_s^4 - T_\infty^4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Reflected irradiation}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Diffuse irradiation}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Normal direct irradiation}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Normal direct irradiation}$$

$$q_{conduction} = \frac{A(T_s - T_r)}{R_{total}}$$

through all layers $R_{total} = \frac{L_1}{k_1} + \frac{L_2}{k_2} + \frac{L_3}{k_3} + \dots$

Unit thermal resistance

Vegetation



S. kamtchaticum

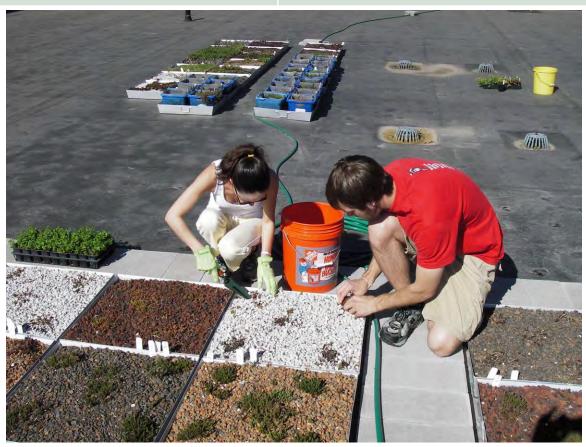
S. spurium

S. sexangulare



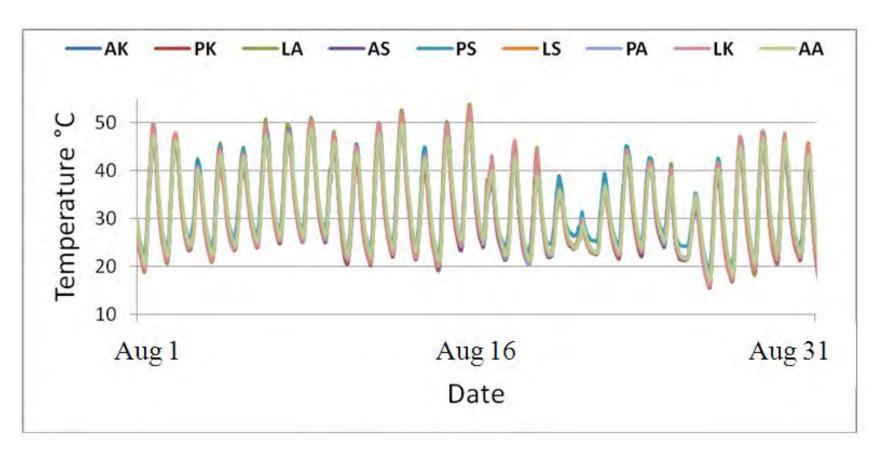
Growing Media

| Media | Description |
|----------|------------------------|
| Arkalyte | Clay heated to 1000 °C |
| Lava | Volcanic rock |
| Pumice | Volcanic Rock |



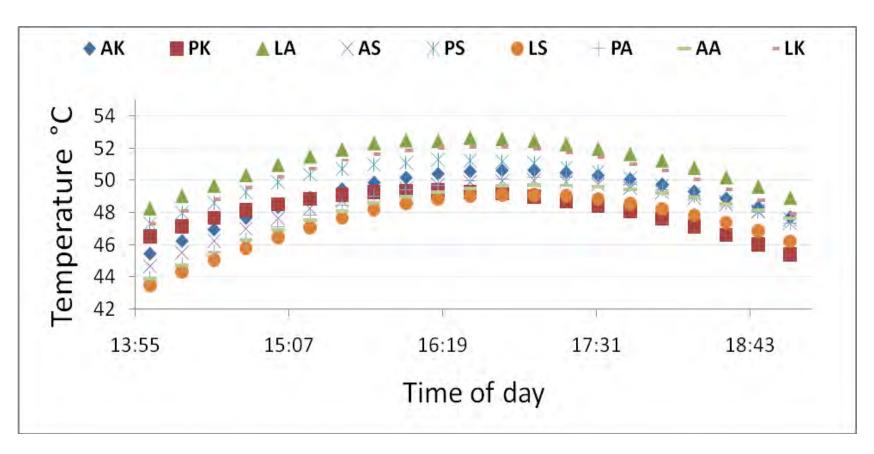


Temperature Data for All Combinations



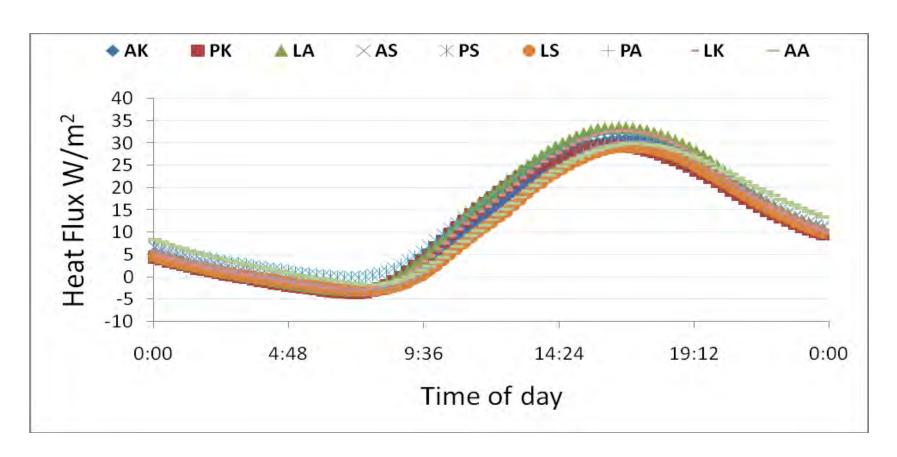


Peak Hours on August 12, 2007



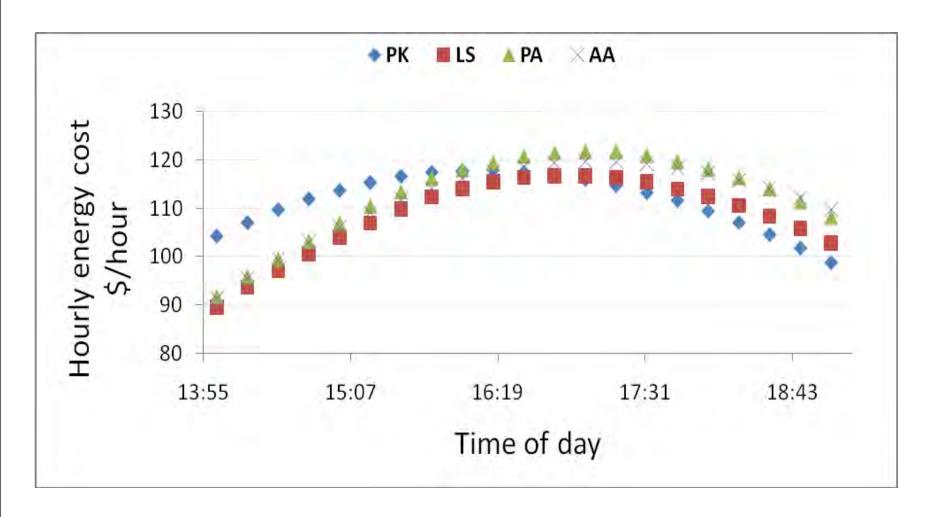


Heat Flux on August 12, 2007





Energy Cost of a 50,000 m² Roof during Peak Hours





Summary: Thermal

- The color of the growth media and the vegetation affects the thermal radiation to/from the green roof blocks significantly.
- The porosity of the growth media helps the evaporative cooling of the roof after rain/irrigation events. This is an active cooling process in addition to the added thermal resistance to the roof by the green roof systems.
- The more condensed the leaves are, the better shading effect occurs, resulting in better insulation in air-conditioning seasons. Maintenance helps achieve higher plant coverage and leaf area index, resulting in improved thermal benefits.



Questions?

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