BIOL 485 / 585: Ichthyology Fall 2010 Writing Assignment #1

Provide a detailed response to each question below. The primary basis for these questions is Ferry-Graham and Lauder (2001), which is available on the Blackboard site under October 5. Answering these questions will require a careful reading of Ferry-Graham and Lauder's paper, but you will need to also find, consult, and incorporate other sources, some of which will be found in the Literature Cited section of this paper, and some which you might need to find on your own.

Remember that the "TA Criterion" will apply in grading with respect to clarity and completeness of your response. Do not answer these questions as if you are writing to me; answer these questions as if they have come from your student colleagues in this class who have come to you for help.

All responses must also be in your own words; do not copy and present as your own words passages from any publications or web sites or from any other student in the class. You may certainly work together on this assignment with others in the class, but your work must be uniquely your own.

Each question may be answered independently as a stand-alone response; you do not need to integrate all of the responses together into something like a single essay (in fact, I would prefer that you didn't). However, recognize that each response should be well organized and written clearly; grammar, spelling, and clarity of communication will count in this exercise.

Be sure to answer all sections of each question; in my experience, one of the biggest sources of lost points on this kind of writing assignment is a student's failure to answer all parts of given questions. Proofread your responses carefully!

Title pages of articles must be a photocopy of the original article's title page or the actual .pdf – formatted title page of the article itself as it appeared in publication (not an HTML formatted page or output from an abstract indexing source.

1. Define, in your own words, each of the variables plotted on the vertical axes of the six graphs in Fig. 2 (you should consult the original source of the data in this figure for a detailed discussion of these variables; turn in the title page of that publication as part of your assignment). Then, combining information from Fig. 2, Fig. 4B, and the authors' discussion of their own DPIV results, describe the sequence of events that typically occur in the first 100 milliseconds of a bluegill sunfish's feeding strike with respect to muscle action, movement of skull elements, and water movement.

- 2. Compare the basic feeding mechanics of a bluegill sunfish versus that of a largemouth bass when both are feeding on a fish prey item. This comparison needs to include (but not necessarily in this order):
 - comparison of the magnitude of negative buccal pressure generated by <u>adult</u> sunfish during a feeding strike on a fish prey item versus that of a bass feeding on a fish prey item;
 - definition, in your own words, of the terms "opening lever ratio," and "closing lever ratio" as applied to the discussion surrounding Fig. 5; consult the original citation that yielded Fig. 5, particularly focusing on pp. 100 101 of that publication (turn in the title page of that publication as part of your assignment);
 - a discussion of the basic trade-offs experienced by <u>adult</u> sunfish versus bass in their feeding strategies with respect to speed of jaw movement versus force of jaw movement (reading the relevant sections of the Discussion in the publication referred to above as well as Ferry-Graham and Lauder's discussion of their own Fig. 5 will help here).
- 3. Discuss why negative buccal pressure generated by a sunfish during a feeding strike is of so much lower magnitude when feeding on earthworm prey as opposed to the more negative pressure generated when feeding on goldfish prey. Find the publication by Higham, Day and Wainwright from 2006 that examined feeding in centrarchid fishes using DPIV (*turn in the title page as part of the assignment*). What prey items did they use in their study to induce feeding? Would you characterize this prey item to be more like earthworm prey or more like goldfish prey from the point of view of a sunfish? (Side note: Figure 1 and its surrounding discussion in the Higham et al. publication will also help you to answer Question #2 above.)
- 4. Define "inertial" versus "compensatory" suction. Which form of suction, based on data and observations analyzed in Question #2 above, would better characterize sunfish feeding? Which would better characterize bass feeding?
- 5. Obtain the publication by Mark Westneat from 2004 on levers and linkages in fish feeding mechanisms (*turn in the title page of that publication as part of your assignment*). Indicate where the <u>adult</u> bluegill sunfish and largemouth bass data from Wainwright and Richard 1995 (cited in Ferry-Graham and Lauder) would fit in Westneat's Table 1 by indicating the taxa from Table 1 that each species would have been closest to in terms of opening as well as closing lever data. The bass data collected by Westneat (2004) differs rather significantly from the data collected by Wainwright and Richard (1995; as cited in Ferry-Graham and Lauder 2001); describe the differences in terms of morphology as well as expected feeding performance in the two samples of bass. Provide a hypothesis as to why these differences might exist, and describe briefly how you could test your hypothesis (what observations could you make? What manipulations could you perform?).

BIOL 485/585: Ichthyology Fall 2008

Writing Assignment #1 Grading Sheet

Name:	Final Score:	/ 80 points
	Int. Score	/ 111
1. Definitions and Events		
Definition: Gape Distance	/	2
Definition: Head Angle	/	2
Definition: Lower Jaw Angle	/	2
Definition: Hyoid Depression	/	2
Definition: Opercular Expansion	/	2
Definition: Jaw Protrusion	/	
Sequence of Events		
Muscles	/	4
Skull Elements	/	
Water Movement	/	
Title Page Turned In (Kinematics of feeding)	/	1
Clarity	/	2
Grammar	/	
2. Bluegill versus bass		
Negative buccal pressure generated	/	2
Opening lever ratio	/	5
Closing lever ratio	/	5
Trade-offs:		
Bluegill slow, forceful, small pre		
Bass rapid, weak, large prey size		3
Title page turned in (Predicting patterns of prey us		['] 1
Clarity	/	2
Grammar	/	2
3. Prey type and motivation		
Explanation: lower pressure for worm th		3
Title page turned in (The pressures of suction feed	ing)/	1
Prey item used in Higham et al. 2006	/	
Characterization of this prey	/	4
Clarity	/	
Grammar	/	2

4. Suction strategies Inertial suction definition Compensatory suction definition Sunfish as more inertial (evidence: high suction) Bass as more compensatory (evidence: low suction) Clarity Grammar	/3 /2 /2 /2 /2
5. Comparison with Westneat 2004 Title page (Evolution of levers and linkages) Taxon proximity – sunfish opening Taxon proximity – bass opening Taxon proximity – bass opening Taxon proximity – bass closing Comparison with W & R's 1995 bass Opening/closing ratios higher Slower, more powerful bite Hypothesis for why difference might exist Clarity of hypothesis Testability Description of test	/1
Clarity Grammar	