

Banach Algebras 2009

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Normed algebras of differentiable functions on compact plane sets

ABSTRACT. We investigate the completeness and completions of the normed algebras $(D^{(1)}(X), \|\cdot\|)$ for perfect, compact plane sets X . In particular, we construct a radially self-absorbing, compact plane set X such that the normed algebra $(D^{(1)}(X), \|\cdot\|)$ is not complete. This solves a question of Bland and Feinstein. We also prove that there are several classes of connected, compact plane sets X for which the completeness of $(D^{(1)}(X), \|\cdot\|)$ is equivalent to the pointwise regularity of X . For example, this is true for all rectifiably connected, polynomially convex, compact plane sets with empty interior, for all star-shaped, compact plane sets, and for all Jordan arcs in \mathbb{C} .

In an earlier paper of Bland and Feinstein, the notion of an \mathcal{F} -derivative of a function was introduced, where \mathcal{F} is a suitable set of rectifiable paths, and with it a new family of Banach algebras $D_{\mathcal{F}}^{(1)}(X)$ corresponding to the normed algebras $D^{(1)}(X)$. We obtain stronger results concerning the questions when $D^{(1)}(X)$ and $D_{\mathcal{F}}^{(1)}(X)$ are equal, and when the former is dense in the latter. In particular, we show that equality holds whenever X is ‘ \mathcal{F} -regular’.

An example of Bishop shows that the completion of $(D^{(1)}(X), \|\cdot\|)$ need not be semisimple. We show that the completion of $(D^{(1)}(X), \|\cdot\|)$ is semisimple whenever the union of all the rectifiable Jordan arcs in X is dense in X .

We prove that the character space of $D^{(1)}(X)$ is equal to X for all perfect, compact plane sets X , whether or not $(D^{(1)}(X), \|\cdot\|)$ is complete. In particular, characters on the normed algebras $(D^{(1)}(X), \|\cdot\|)$ are automatically continuous.

This is joint work with H. G. Dales (Leeds).